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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 61 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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New Magna Carta For All Freemen

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL who sees a New 'Magna Carta' of all Freemen and Nations in the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill.

Churchill Expresses Gratitude To America

PASSAGE OF LEASE AND LEND BILL

It Means A Lot To Us And The World, Says Morrison

"ON behalf of the Government, Parliament, the nation and in the name of all freedom-loving peoples I offer the United States our gratitude for her inspiring act of faith", declared Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Premier, in the House of Commons on Wednesday, commenting on the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill.

LONDON, March 12.

The members of the House of Commons vented their loudest cheering for a long time this afternoon when Mr. Churchill made a brief statement on the passage of the American lease and Lend Bill. Every sentence provoked a new and louder outburst.

"I am sure," said the Premier, "the House would wish me to express our deep and respectful appreciation of this moment of generous and farseeing statesmanship. The most powerful Democracy has in effect declared in solemn Statute they will devote their overwhelming industrial and financial strength to ensuing the Defeat of Nazism in order that nations, great and small, may live in security, tolerance and freedom.

A NEW MAGNA CARTA.

The Government and the people of the United States have written a new Magna Carta which not only has regard to rights and laws upon which a healthy and advancing civilisation can alone be erected, but also proclaims by precept and example that it is the duty of freemen and nations everywhere to share in the responsibility and burden of enforcing them."

Mr. Churchill concluded: "On behalf of the Government, Parliament, the nation and in the name of all freedom-loving peoples I offer the United States our gratitude for her inspiring act of faith."

BROADCAST TO AMERICA.

When members of the House of Commons are particularly wholeheartedly behind any Government statement they try to emphasise the fact by asking no supplementary questions. Hence there were cries of dissent when the Liberal National, Mr. Granville, rose; but his question proved to be designed to underline the country's gratitude to the United States.

He asked whether "in view of the great importance of this statement, the Premier will consider making a broadcast to the United States in similar terms and on a wavelength which would be heard by the British people."

Mr. Churchill replied: "I must choose the exact moment."

By a coincidence six members of the United States Military Mission who are in Britain on matters connected with aviation happened to be in the House when Mr. Churchill spoke.

IT MEANS A LOT TO THE WORLD

"The Lease and Lend Bill means a lot to us; it means a lot to the world," observed Mr. Herbert Morrison, Home Secretary, speaking in London today.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, March 12.—The Inter-University Board of India have suggested that there should be two courses of training in librarianship, a diploma course meant for scholars holding a degree of an Indian University, and a certificate examination meant for matriculates.—A. P.

Immediate Enactment Of Appropriation

WASHINGTON, March 12

"I strongly urge the immediate enactment of this appropriation" declared President Roosevelt in a letter addressed to Mr. Rayburn, Speaker of the House of Representatives transmitting detailed estimates for the 7,000 million dollars for aiding Britain and the Allies.

The Budget Director splits the Appropriation into several categories, of which by far the largest is 2,000 millions for aircraft and aeronautical material—Reuter.

Over 600 Million For Watercraft

In addition to other large sums for various armaments, the Appropriation includes 622 millions for vessels, boats and other watercraft and equipage, supplies and spares.

Another item is 200 million for testing inspecting and repairing defence articles for the government of any country whose defence the President deems vital to the defence of the United States. This presumably would be used partly for repairing British warships at American bases.—Reuter.

RUSHING IT THROUGH CONGRESS

Plans are being formulated to rush the President's request through Congress. The Appropriations Bill will probably be ready for debate on Monday and Tuesday. The House Appropriations Committee will begin hearings to-morrow.

President Roosevelt called this afternoon a meeting of Government witnesses who will testify before the Committee. Mr. Rayburn declared "We shall put everything else aside."—Reuter.

INSPITE OF NAZI U-BOATS!

LONDON, March 12.

It is officially announced that contingents of the Australian Imperial Force and the New Zealand Expeditionary Force which left England for duty in another theatre of war arrived safely in the Middle East some time ago.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

HITLER AT LINZ.

BERLIN, March 12.

Hitler unexpectedly arrived at Linz (Austria) to-night to participate in celebrations commemorating "the liberation of Ostinark three years ago" says a Linz despatch to the German News Agency.—Reuter.

JAPANESE BOMBERS OVER SAIGON.

SAIGON, March 12.

A large newly-built Japanese torpedo boat arrived here to-day. A number of Japanese bombing planes are also visible at Saigon air port.—Reuter.

On Guard Of Democracy

A striking phrase in PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S letter to Mr. Rayburn, Speaker of the U. S. House of representatives: "Our country is determined to do its full part in creating an adequate arsenal for Democracy. This great arsenal will be here in this country. It will be the bulwark of our own defence and it will be the source of tools of defence for all Democracies: "Our country preserve themselves against aggression".

Matsuoka For Europe

To Explain His Theory Of World Peace To Axis Partners!

But Berlin Foreshadows Important Victory For Three-Power Pact

TOKYO, March 12.

The Foreign Minister, Mr. Matsuoka, left to-night for Berlin and Rome for talks with Herr Hitler and Sgr. Mussolini.

Accompanied by a staff of eleven, he was seen off by the Ministers of War and Navy, other Cabinet Ministers, the Army Chief of Staff, Italian, German and Rumanian diplomats and a number of Italian officers.

HIS VISION OF WORLD PEACE

With reference to his forthcoming visit to the Axis Capital, Mr. Matsuoka said yesterday that he intended to expound to Italian and German leaders his theory of world peace, a theory which he had held for many years.

Axis comment regarding the forthcoming visit of Mr. Matsuoka is available to-day. The Italian newspaper "Popolo d'Roma" writes significantly that the Tripartite Pact carries with it obligations as well as advantages.

The German radio forecasts that the Three-Power Pact will achieve a new success when Mr. Matsuoka's journey to Berlin and Rome is over.

It also announced that Mr. Matsuoka would be visiting Moscow on his way to Berlin and Rome.—Reuter.

MUSSOLINI IN ALBANIA

LONDON, March 12.

Mussolini has been in Albania for the past five days supervising operations, reported the Athens' radio to-night. The Duce is reported to have said that he is returning to Rome on Saturday.—Reuter.

They Will Tell America!

Ex-Civilian And Ex-Correspondent To Lecture On Indo-British Relations

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, March 12.

Mr. Abdullah Yusufali, C.B.E., ex-civilian and Mr. T. A. Raman, ex-Correspondent of the "Hindustan Times" have proceeded to America on the lecture tour to explain the present political relations between Britain and India 'vis-a-vis' the August offer for the constitutional development and to acquaint Americans with the Indian war efforts.

I understand the matter will be raised in Parliament to enquire whether the lecturers have been deputed by the Ministry of information, whether any representations have been received from America for these speakers, whether facilities will be given to other Indians to proceed to America.

According to the "Daily Sketch's" inside information "American's are to be educated about India and the British Government have quietly sent Mr. Raman "well-known Hindu politician and writer" on commission for this purpose. Mr. Raman will visit chief United States centres and meet leading politicians including Mr. Willkie, will speak at a multitude of meetings which are being arranged."

LATER.

Only Mr. Raman with his wife has left for America.

Mr. Polak is leaving for Canada during the week purely unofficially and has no connection with any Government Mission. Mr. Yusufali is not leaving for America owing to illness.

Sofia Surprise For British Legation

TRUTH ABOUT ISTANBUL EXPLOSION

Infernal Machines Found Secreted In Luggage

LONDON, March 12.

Soon after Mr. Rendel, the former British Minister at Sofia, had arrived in Istanbul, there was a heavy explosion at the hotel where he stayed. Three persons were killed and 20 injured.

It is stated that a bomb deposited in a suitcase was the cause of the explosion. It is also stated that an attempt was made to wreck the train by which Mr. Rendel travelled from Sofia.–

VICTIMS OF EXPLOSION

It is learned, says an Istanbul message, that Miss Ellis, Secretary to the British Military Attache in Sofia, was among the dead at the hotel explosion.

Miss Armstrong, who worked at the Legation had her legs amputated as a result of injuries.

HOTEL CORDONED

Mr. Rendel describing the outrage told "Reuter": "While I was unpacking I heard a formidable explosion. I believed that the whole building was about to collapse. I ran downstairs where my daughter Anne was, to see if she was safe. Happily she was unhurt. My sympathy goes out to those killed and injured."

Nobody is allowed to approach the hotel which is surrounded by a military cordon. The police are subjecting the whole hotel staff to a most exhaustive examination.

Miss Armstrong Succumbs

Miss Armstrong died as a result of the injuries according to an Istanbul despatch to Vichy.

TWO BOMBS EXPLODE

VICHY, March 12.

Two large bombs exploded in Pera Palace Hotel, Istanbul, shortly after the arrival of Mr. George Rendel, formerly British Minister to Bulgaria, according to wireless reports from Istanbul picked up in New York. The police after investigation state that the bombs were almost certainly hidden in the luggage of the British Legation staff in Sofia.

A third large heavy infernal machine, which failed to explode, has also been discovered.—Reuter.

TRUTH ABOUT EXPLOSION

Confirmation that the bomb which exploded at Pera Palace Hotel was secreted among the baggage of the British Legation Party while still in Sofia is contained in an official statement issued following enquiries. The statement says: "Two valises which had been placed among the luggage of the British Legation Staff in Sofia prior to the special train's departure arrived here and one was taken to the hotel where it exploded a few moments after arrival."

The statement adds: "The second valise was found at another hotel among the baggage of a member of the British Legation Staff. Following the explosion this gentleman became suspicious and found in the second valise an infernal machine resembling a wireless battery. He submitted it to expert examination which revealed that it contained explosive material. This was rendered harmless.

Three persons were killed and 22 injured in the explosion. The enquiry is proceeding.

RENDEL ON HIS JOURNEY

Describing Mr. Rendel's arrival in Istanbul, the Ankara radio says that the British Minister stated that his trip passed off normally and Bulgarian officials had been courteous. He added that King Boris had allotted him his personal Railway Coach as far as the Turkish Frontier.

Mr. Rendel, the wireless added, refused to answer questions of newspaper representatives and confined himself to recapitulating the events already known, leading upto the rupture of Anglo-Bulgarian relations.

Mr. Rendel declared, however,

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 6)

Petain's France As Hitler's Arsenal!

LONDON, March 12.

Following quickly upon Admiral Darlan's threat to convoy French foodships comes the authentic information that Unoccupied France is actually producing war materials for Germany.

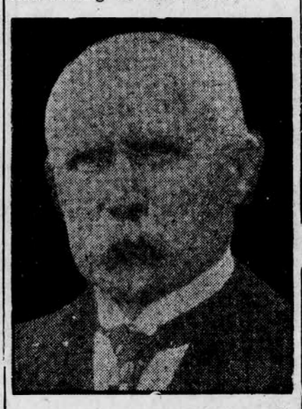
A number of firms there are engaged on orders for the German High Command making aeroplane parts, sections of tanks, alluminium fittings, munitions and motor-boats, it was stated to-day at the British Ministry of Economic Warfare.

It is possible even that some of the barges Herr Hitler hopes to use for invading England are being made by Frenchmen.

It is also known that German and Italian Commissions in Marseilles and other parts of Unoccupied France see to it that substantial quantities of cereals, oil, copra and phosphates shipped from North Africa are directly entrained for Germany.

Admiral Darlan's statement is being examined here and as every phase of the war is a subject of free discussion between this country and the United States, it may be assumed that it is also under consideration in Washington.

Britain has always been prepared to let food enter Unoccupied France where ninety per cent of the population are pro-British, provided there is a guarantee that the French people will consume it, but such guarantee had not been forthcoming so far.—Reuter.



MARSHAL PETAIN, reports suggest, is on guard of the "New Order" and Unoccupied Europe is said to be working as an arsenal

Sir Shah Sulaiman Dead

JUDGE OF FEDERAL COURT OF INDIA WHO ADVOCATED NATIONAL UNITY THROUGH COMMUNAL HARMONY

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The death occurred at about midnight to-night of Sir Mohammed Shah Sulaiman, Judge of the Federal Court of India.

Arrangements for the funeral will be made to-morrow morning.—A. P.

Brief Sketch Of His Life

The death of Sir Shah Sulaiman removes from the Indian public life, an eminent jurist, a great educationist, and a brilliant scientist who propounded a new Theory of Relativity which made his name known all over the world.

Born in February 1886, he was educated at the Muir Central College, Allahabad, Christs College, Cambridge and Trinity College Dublin. He came out first in the first Division at the B. A. Examination of the Allahabad University and won the Government of India Scholarship in 1906. He took mathematics tripos Part II (Cambridge) in 1909 and Law Tripos in 1910 and was called to Bar from the Middle Temple in 1910. Taking Doctorate of Laws (Dublin) in 1911 he joined the Allahabad High Court in 1912 and became its acting judge in 1920 at the young age of 34. The next year he was appointed officiating judge and he became permanent Chief Justice in 1933.

Advocate Of National Unity

The late Sir Shah Sulaiman was a great advocate of National Unity through communal harmony which he commended to the graduates of the Lucknow University while delivering its convocation address in 1939. He was sure, he said: "nothing can prove too great or too difficult to be accomplished by a group of enthusiastic youths, full of confidence energy and enterprise, and bent upon getting the communal question of India solved for ever"

He was also keen on the spread of literacy, especially adult education and appealed in his convocation address for an army of Honorary workers to lead campaign against ignorance and illiteracy among the masses.

As Judge of the Federal Court he extended his relations with jurists in America and England. His death will be deeply mourned by a large number of friends all over the country and his loss will be irreparable to the University of Aligarh of which he was the Vice-Chancellor.

The deceased left behind his wife, three sons and a daughter.

VOCATIONAL-CUM-LITERARY

Referring to primary education in his Presidential Address at the All-India Educational Conference held at Udaipur in December last the late Sir Shah Sulaiman pleaded for vocational bias in the new system but emphasised that literacy and vocational training have to go hand in hand. Continuing Sir Shah Sulaiman made a plea for reorientation in the Secondary stage. He said "Government offices can no longer absorb all the matriculates that are turned out. Attention must accordingly be directed more to Industrial, Agricultural and Commercial activities."

It is understood that the funeral of Sir Shah Sulaiman will take place at Nizamuddin, New Delhi.—A. P.

Berlin On R. A. F. Raid

NEW YORK, March 12.

The R.A.F. raided military objectives at a town in Northern Germany on Tuesday night, according to a message from Ber- —Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted for a nationalist Hindu, M.A., young man of 38 well settled in life a vegetarian partner. No caste restrictions. First wife barren and economically independent. Correspond Box No. 14334, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted suitable bride for young (Muslim) Government Officer. No caste restrictions. Apply Box No 14331, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a competent mechanic for a Flatbed Cox-O-type Rotary printing machine. Apply at once with copies of testimonials stating minimum salary expected, to:—'The Manager, Indian Nation, Fraser Road, Patna Bazar.' (14320)

Wanted Candidates to become Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Post. Principal, British India Technical College (B.C.) Sukkur (Sind). (14247)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Opportunity for Industrialists— Qualified Technical Chemist, worked as incharge of largest Chemical Factories. Vast experience in the manufacture of heavy chemicals, Salts, Acids and many other industrial products, Starch, Oil, Fertilisers, etc. Capable of designing, erecting and working of various plants. Open for engagement. Communicate to Box No 14314, "Bombay Chronicle."

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

Clean Airy Office on first floor of Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Near Share Bazaar. Rent Rs. 30. Others available. Call between 9 and 5 p.m. (14329)

74. TO LET (UPCOUNTRY)

Hill Stations Matheran. Honey Court to let for hot season. Fully furnished. Electric lights, Running Water. One of the best station ten, bazaar fifteen minutes. Next to Parsi Gymkhana. Apply Box No. 14333, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to push our buttons. Terms moderate. Send Rs. 3|- for our sample set. Friends & Co., 33, Nabadwip Lane, Dacca (Bengal). (14319)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

LOST SHARE CERTIFICATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share certificate Nos. 12170, 14113 in respect of five Preference shares each No. 111303-111307, 133389-133393 respectively of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. standing in the name of Mohamed Sarham Cumberhusain Nezam have been LOST, MISLAID or DESTROYED. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their Registered Office, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay, No. 1, within one month from the date hereof, otherwise duplicate share certificates will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

Bombay, 13th March, 1941.

14335

GOVERNMENT SERVICE

WANTED Demonstrator for Analytical Work, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, Pay Rs. 85-5-170. Age limit 25.

Full details available on application, with two anna stamped self addressed foolscap envelope, to the Principal, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay.

Applications to reach the Principal not later than the 1st April, 1941.

452b

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the following, with the respective earnest money deposits shown against each:—

Names of the articles.	Earnest money deposit. Rs.
(1) Cast Iron pipes	3,000
(2) Sluice Valves	1,000
(3) C. I. Pressure gauge boxes complete	190
(4) C. I. Stand post hydrants	1,260
(5) Steel Specials	220
(6) C. I. Bends, Clamp Collars, & Tail pieces.	575

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 26th March, 1941. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed Tenders for "——"

The Municipality is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, &c., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2 for each set.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. P. SALDANHA,
Chief Storekeeper

566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11.
11th March, 1941.

4534

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Librarianship Course: Applications are invited from candidates who have passed the Intermediate examination of the Bombay University (or other examinations equivalent thereto) for admission to the Summer School of Librarianship, Belgaum. The course begins from 1st May and will last for a month. Tuition fee Rs. 25. For further particulars apply to:—The Director: Summer School of Librarianship, Lingaraj College, Belgaum. (14322)

346. INVESTMENTS

Wanted gentleman or lady financier to join or advance Rs. ten thousand for a small scale industry in Bombay. Guaranteed return 12 per cent. Future estimated yield 15 per cent. Apply Box No. 14336, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for supplying One Drip Proof A.C. Slipring Motor 25 H.P. on continuous rating, with ball bearings for 400 Volts, 3 Phase 50 Cycle with 12" Pulley, slide rails, combined automatic starter with N. V. Coil and ammeter. Motor speed may be 1440 R.P.M or 960 R.P.M. as available.

Quotations shall be addressed to the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality and sent to him so as to reach him on or before 4-0 P.M. on 20th March, 1941.

(Sd.) B. D. PATEL,
Municipal Engineer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad 10th March, 1941.

4529

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDER NOTICE

The Controller of Purchase, Indian Stores Department, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of (1) Anti-fouling red and glossy black compositions for the Naval Store Officer, H. M. I. N. Dockyard, Bombay. Tender form (No. SY/BH-4573) may be obtained from him on payment of Rs. 5/- per set in cash (not refundable). Tenders will be opened at 12 noon on the 28th March, 1941.

4530

Legal Notices

IN THE DISTRICT OF AMRITSAR

IN THE COURT OF LALA TARA CHAND AGGARWAL
Commercial Sub-Judge 1st Class, Amritsar.

Civil Suit No. 83 of 1940.

THE BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC CO., LTD. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. MELA RAM LACHMAN DASS, a firm, carrying on business as cloth merchants at Katra Ahluwalia, Amritsar .. Defendants.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd., of Madras, manufacturers of textile piecegoods, are the owners of the "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark which is used by them, inter alia, on crepe cloth of their manufacture. A specimen of the said trade mark is reproduced below.

In or about June, 1939, our clients learnt that the Defendants abovenamed were selling in Amritsar crepe cloth, not of our clients manufacture, under a trade mark a specimen of which is reproduced below.

Our clients claimed the aforesaid mark to be an imitation of their "Ship on Globe" or "Gola Chhap" trade mark and filed the above suit against the Defendants for an injunction, damages, costs and other reliefs.

By a Consent Decree, dated the 24th June, 1940, in the said suit an injunction has been issued by the Court against the Defendants, their servants and agents, in terms of prayer (a) of the plaint.

The Defendants have paid to the Plaintiffs our clients (i) a sum of Rs. 1,000|- as damages and (ii) a sum of Rs. 350|- for the costs of the suit and of the publication of this notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY FURTHER GIVEN that any person, firm or Company found selling or offering for sale crepe cloth or other cotton piecegoods bearing the trade mark objected to by our clients will be immediately dealt with according to law.

Dated the 29th day of January, 1941.

CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE,
Attorneys for
The Buckingham & Carnatic Co., Ltd.

(4359)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. JAMNADAS BABUBHAI and MANILAL JAMNADAS, the Mortgagees of the undermentioned property have in exercise of the power of sale reserved to them under the Mortgage, dated 18th October, 1937 and made between Rustomji Cawasji Billimoria and Freny Firoze Nallaseth of the one part and themselves of the other part contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, charge, sale, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. All other claims, if any, which are not so received will be considered as null, void and waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:—

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Wodehouse Road Colaba being Plot No. 34A of the Colaba Reclamation estate in the City and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 553 sq. yds. or thereabouts and entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 9705, Part Cadastral Survey No. 1/88 of Colaba Division and in those of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 225 (36A), Old Street No. 44, New Street No. 68, Wodehouse Road and bounded, on the North East by Plot No. 35, on the North West by Plot No. 27, on the South West by Plot No. 34 and on the South East by Wodehouse Road.

Dated this 11th day of March 1941.

KANGA & CO
Purchaser's Attorneys

Address:—
Yusuf Building,
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

4531

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KHAN CHAND MARROTT has sold and assigned to our client Mrs. Tessybai K. Marrot absolutely the business of water proofs, rain coats etc., carried on by him under the name of K. C. Marrott at Hornby Road, Bombay together with the goodwill thereof as from 27th February, 1940. Mrs. Tessybai K. Marrott has been and is the sole proprietor of the said business of K. C. Marrott and she has nothing to do with any of the past debts and liabilities of the said K. C. Marrott.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1941.

G. A. GODAMBE & CO.,
Attorneys for Mrs. Tessybai K. Marrott,
Proprietor, T. K. Marrott.

Auction Sales

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES known as Ebrahim Karim Manzil and Yusuf Mahal at Memonwada Road or New Bengalipura Street. By order of Messrs. Udwadia & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Hussein Karim and others; on Thursday the 20th March, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. on the premises of the property.

LOT NO. I.—EBRAHIM KARIM MANZIL:—Fazandari land, admeasuring about 259 Sq. Yds. with the building thereon situate at Old Nagpada or New Bengalipura Street, Bombay, bearing Municipal B Ward No. 3261, 3262, Street Nos. 2-5 and 8-10, New Survey No. 3097 and Cadastral Survey No. 1504 Mandvi Division.

LOT NO. II.—YUSUF MAHAL:—Fazandari land admeasuring about 101 Sq. Yds. with the building thereon situate at Memonwada Road or New Bengalipura Street, Bombay, bearing Municipal B Ward No. 2413, 3257, Street Nos. 5-13-17 and New Survey No. 3084 and Cadastral Survey No. 1499 Mandvi Division.

Full particulars and conditions of sale from Messrs. Udwadia & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, 17-19, Dalal Street, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

EXCELSIOR

TO-DAY
AT 6-30 P. M.

RECITAL
OF
CLASSICAL DANCES
AND
Rhythmical Movements
BY
GERTRUDE HAHNOVA
AND
MAGDA HAHNOVA

CLASSICAL DANCES

(1). Dance as the expression of Joy and Life
(2) Dance as inspired by Music
(3) Dance as inspired by Viennese Tunes
(4) Dance as a pantomime
(5) Puja Dance
(6) Grotesque Dance

RHYTHMICAL MOVEMENTS

"KEEP FIT" exercises which were broadcasted till recently from the All India Radio will be presented rhythmically with music for the stage combined with rhythmical movements.

EXCELSIOR

Commencing TO-NIGHT
AT 10 P. M.

One of the greatest films of the year

PASTOR HALL
PASTOR HALL

A film of our time and for our time, with

NOVA PILBEAM
SIR SEYMOUR HICKS
WILFRID LAWSON

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CAPITOL

'Phone 20422
TO-MORROW 10 P. M. ONLY
SAT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
SUN. 3-30 & 6-30 P. M.
MONDAY 6-30 only
TRIUMPHANT RETURN TO STAGE AFTER 3 YEARS
HAREN GHOSH
presents

SADHONA BOSE
And
HER NEW BALLET
OF 20 DANCERS
AND MUSICIANS
including
MADHAV MENON, JAYASHANKAR, VASANT, BHARGAVI, AMINI, HIRA, JYOTIKANA, GAYATRI

CLASSICAL
POPULAR & FOLK DANCES

Music:
TIMIR BARAN

Prices: Rs. 7-8, 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2, & As. 9.
Plans open—Book Early

MATINEE
TO-DAY
At 1-30 p.m.
WADIAS'
Stupendous Film Creation
RAJNARTAKI
Starring
SADHONA BOSE
AT
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

PICKING BANDS

For "WIT" Chrome Picking Bands. Leather Beltings. Bohemian Type and Chrome Spring Buffers, Laces, etc., enquire: THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., Dharavi, Bombay 17 ('Phone 89041).

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DAILY IN THE NORTH OF BOMBAY.

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Daily at 4-30, 7 & 10 p.m.
And at 2 p.m. on
Sat., Sun. & Holidays
FILM CORPORATION'S
Marvellous Social Hit
QAIDI—QAIDI
Starring:
NANDREKAR, RAMOLA, MEHTAB, MONIKA DESAI.

TO-DAY, LAST DAY!

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 10 P.M.

M.-G.-M.'s Big Musical
Mickey ROONEY
Judy GARLAND in
"STRIKE UP THE BAND"
WITH
PAUL WHITEMAN AND ORCHESTRA
Also Latest War News.

EDWARD Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
LAST 2 DAYS ONLY
A NEW THEATRES'
Brilliant Musical Drama
KAPAL KUNDALA
Starring:
Lila Desai, Najam & Pankaj Mullick, etc.

To-day Being Holi Festival
Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
See!
CIRCO'S Laugh-packed Social
'MADHUSUDAN'
Fourth Week At
IMPERIAL
Daily 4-15, 7, and 10 p.m.

THE FLAMES OF "HOLI"

WILL DIE OUT; BUT—THE FLAMES OF THE TORCHES IN THE FASCINATING FOLK-DANCE
In
PRABHAT'S
Padosi
—HINDI—
SHEJARI—(Marathi)
WILL LINGER IN YOUR MEMORY FOR EVER—
Directed by:
SHANTARAM
Starring:
MAZHARKHAN
GAJANAND JAGIRDAR, ANIS & BALWANTSING
7TH WEEK
at
CENTRAL
Holiday Timings To-day
HINDI: 4 & 7 p.m.
MARATHI: 1-30 & 9-45 p.m.

Wastage Of Rural Man-Power

Board Of Economic Inquiry Making Investigation

CALCUTTA, March 11.

The Board of Economic Enquiry constituted by the Government of Bengal, is now engaged in investigating the economic condition and the paying capacity of the rural and urban population in the province.

This enquiry, the Board hopes, will bring to light the extent of wastage of man-power and the possibilities of making scientific and economic use of this waste through expansion of cottage industries.—A. P.

FRONTIER GOING PAKISTAN-WISE

League Delegation Completes Tour

PESHAWAR, March 11.

The Muslim League Pakistan delegation to the N.W.F.P. left Peshawar this evening for Delhi after a twelve-day tour of the Province. During this period the delegation covered about 1,400 miles and addressed 50 meetings.

Giving his impressions of the tour Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung, President of the All-India States' Muslim League said that he was returning from the Frontier extremely satisfied. "I have no doubt that within a very short time the whole of the Frontier will become completely League-minded," he said.

Qazi Mohd. Isa Khan, President of the Baluchistan Muslim League said that not only the six Settled Districts but even beyond in the tribal area the Pakistan scheme have been acclaimed by all.—A.P.

NEED FOR COUNTER-VAILING DUTY

New Import Will Endanger Indian Industry Using Art Silk

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, March 11.

Several telegrams have been received from Bombay and elsewhere urging counter-balancing duty on imports of art silk piecegoods side by side with proposed increase in duty on imports of artificial silk yarn. The matter appears to have been also raised at a meeting of the Standing Committee, the Commerce Department this week.

It is pointed out the increase in revenue duty on art silk yarn alone will upset the equilibrium under which the new industry in weaving of imported silk yarn which is both a mill and a cottage industry has developed. The difficulty appears to be that the raw material for this industry is not now available in India and has so to be imported. It is understood that no less than six thousand looms in the country are working in Indian mills on art silk cloth and about 25,000 families are earning a living out of it. Besides these there are about one lakh families depending on handlooms weaving of art silk cloth. The mill industry in art silk is centred in Bombay and Ahmedabad but the handloom weavers engaged in this industry are to be found largely in Madras, Punjab and United Provinces. The official contention is that duty on art silk fabric is a protective duty imposed in interests of cotton textile trade.

It appears, however, that certain associations representing cotton textile industry have supported the demand for increase in protective duty as the price of cotton yarn is to-day only between four and seven annas per pound while the price of art silk yarn ranges between Re. 1/4 including duty and Rs. 2 per pound. The Finance Member is expected to make another statement on the subject in the course of debate on the Finance Bill.

Govt. Offer To Madras Telephone

MADRAS, March 11.

It is learnt an offer has been made by the Board of Government Telephones to purchase the shares of the Madras Telephone Company at Rs. 15-8 per share minus the dividends payable after January 31, 1941, without interest The Directors of the Madras Telephone Company have recommended to the shareholders of the Company to accept the offer —A.P.

The Ruler of Doongarpur State will lay the Foundation Stone of the proposed D.A.V. Agricultural and Industrial College at Ajmer on April 5.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

On The Air

THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Nasir Khan. 5-20 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-30 Faqiruddin. 5-40 Farhat Jahan Bibbo. 6-15 R. R. Chowdhury. 6-30 The Mediterranean. 6: Talk in Hindustani on the African Coast. 6-45 Ghulam Ali Khan. 7 For Villagers only. 7-45 The Voice of Under 25. 8: Talk in English. 8 Farhat Jahan Bibbo. 8-20 It has happened or Kamod on Violin. 8-25 Ishrat Begam. 8-40 Nasir Khan. 9-45 Faqiruddin. 10 R. R. Chowdhury. 10-5 Thumri aur Dadra. 10-25 Farhat Jahan Bibbo.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Asha Deep. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Dwand Geet. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Rang Raliyan. 9-45 A I R Bhajan Mandali. 10-30 Panditrao Nagarkar. 11 Shankerrao Gaikwad: Shahnai recital. 11-20 Songs from "Holi." 11-30 Bai Gangu Bai. 12 noon Holichi Bahar. 12-20 Inst. music. 12-30 p.m. Holi Ras Khelan; Gujarati Garbas. 12-45 Shankerrao Gaikwad: Light tune on Shahnai. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Bai Gangu Bai. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 Panditrao Nagarker. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Shankerrao Gaikwad: Shahnai. 5-45 N. Ahmed: Thumri. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Puria on Hamidi. 6-20 Premalap: Marathi duet. 6-30 Children's Hour in Hindustani. 7 Dhul Padavo: Talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Lure of the Lavni. 7-25 Talk of the Town. 7-30 Holi Ayi Holi Ayi: Variety programme for Holi. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Books and Their Authors: Talk. 8-45 Sound-news in Hindustani. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 10 Playhouse, 5.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Brij ki Hori. 8-15 Nupur Jhankar. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Khayal in Duet. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

10-30 a.m. to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Chorus. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical Interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Shankerrao Gaikwad: Shahnai solo. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Surdasji Bhajan. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Holi Ayi Holi Ayi: Variety programme for Holi. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Bai Gangu Bai. 10 to 10-45 As in Bombay 1.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. P. K. Mullick. 5-10 Ghatkali: Humorous song. 5-25 Anima Das Gupta. 5-50 P. K. Mullick: Kirtan. 6-5 Prabhat Narayan Pathak: Shankhataranga recital. 6-20 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Golam Ali Khan: Khayal. 7-15 Saila Devi and Geeta Mittra. 7-20 Kusum Goswami. 7-30 Suprobha Ghose. 7-40 Sitar recital by Amiya Adhikari. 7-45 Modern Bengali Literature. 8: Talk in Bengali. 8 Abeer Kumkum. 9 Vocal and Flute recital. 10 The Aerial Players present Civil and Military Comedy in one Act.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-45 p.m. For children: (1) Borrowing—Talk. (2) Forgetfulness—Talk by Mr. Ali Ahmad. 7-45 Indian music by N. P. J. Bahadur.

TO-DAY'S HOLI ATTRACTIONS

Bombay has arranged a programme to cater for diverse tastes for Holi to-day (Thursday). There are some recordings of Holi Songs, followed by half an hour's music from Gangu Bai. At mid-day a Marathi musical item, "Holichi Bahar" by D. S. Dikshit, will be broadcast. The cast will include some brilliant radio stars. Coming next on the programme is "Holi Ras Khelan", a recital of Gujarati Garbas by Madhurika and party. A variety programme, called "Holi Ayi, Holi Ayi" will be broadcast at 7-30 p.m. on Mediumwave, and 7.55 p.m. on Shortwave.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	12 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H M	Dep H M
Ahmedabad Passenger	6 35	13 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 05
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9 15	15 35
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	16 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00 00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00 00	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	15 05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 48	9 00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday

Sugar Market

Bombay, March 12

Fine White Java sugar per cwt: From Bond Rs. 10-8-0

Shipment March Rs. 9-8-0 F B H

Indian sugars ready:—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-0-0 to 14-6-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 14-7-0 to 15-7-0

Tone:—Steady

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, March 12

Wheat May	0 3 0
Wheat September	0 6 6
Linseed May	0 5 0
Linseed September	0 11 6
Silver 1st settlement	0 6 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 12 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 5 0
Gold 2nd settlement	0 12 0

Reactionary Selling On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

EXPECTATION OF LARGER SHIPMENTS TO BRITAIN

Cotton Goods Strong With One Quarter Cent Advance

Bombay, March 12

On Tuesday, prices on the New York Cotton Exchange reached new high levels for the season with Bombay buying. Later on prices declined on reactionary selling Chicago grains after being firm on Mill buying and legislative developments reacted irregularly on profit-taking and weakened technical situation.

The New York Cotton Exchange Service cables that February production of cotton goods maintained high level. General manufactures were highest ever according preliminary estimates. Cloth market was again active and both business and commodities were up.

Cotton circles expect big eventual shipments to Britain under the Lease and Lend Bill. Textile demand is not abating. Cotton Belt weather was unfavourable but the market technically dubious fearing larger repossessions from loan and naturally buyers were cautious.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. Prices touched a new high level and early continuation of active Mill buying encountered liberal Spot house hedging and profit-taking. Cotton goods were strong with one quarter cent advance, various constructions and some mills withdrew offers. The tone of the market was very steady.

July delivery opened 3 points up at 10.76. There was considerable buying and May advanced to 10.84 recording a rise of 11 points over the previous close but later declined 18 points from the highest level on general realising and hedging and was quoted 10.66 which was the lowest level. Thereafter prices rallied few points and the session closed at a net decline of 4 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 11.07c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with moderate realising and closed at a decline of 8 to 12 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 9 points at 10.71c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 10 points with July 8.46. The market was more active and strong and offerings were scanty. There was fair volume of trade calling. The market closed at a rise of 15 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 8.82d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was fairly steady with small buying. Uppers futures closed 2 points up and Gizas advanced 8 points.

MANCHESTER TRADE

The Cotton Trade Journal writes:

Washington.—The Manchester cotton trade is steadily recovering from recent war disturbances, bombings, according to reports reaching the office of Foreign Agricultural Relations. Overseas inquiry for piecegoods is reported fair; the home trade, under restrictions, continued slow. Some mills have extended their work week by two and one half hours.

A fair trade is reported in barter cotton now gradually being released by the Cotton Controller. Sales in growths other than American were limited by restricted possibilities of imports and acute scarcity of spot supplies. The recently announced revocation of the open general import licenses for British and French empire cotton has been made to apply to all such cottons shipped prior to January 13 and arriving before March 31.

The Controller, it is said, may consider applications for licenses for cotton already bought but not shipped under existing contracts. Import buying of all growths was at a standstill. Some trade observers say that further bulk purchases of various growths are likely.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest (10-15 a.m.)	10.84+11
New York May lowest (2-57 p.m.)	10.66—07
Liverpool July highest	8.53+16
Liverpool July lowest	8.46+09

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market steady on overseas advices. Good trade demand. Small offerings.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 11

March	10.71—06
May	10.69—04
July	10.67—05
October	10.54—07
December	10.52—08
January	10.51—07
Middling Spot	11.07—04

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, March 11

March	10.75—08
May	10.71—09
July	10.69—10
October	10.58—09
December	10.53—12
January	10.52 -11
Middling Spot	10.71—09

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 11

11 a.m. ranges Noon call

March	10.79	10.75
May	10.79	10.73
July	10.78	10.72

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, March 11

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	11,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 11

March	8.50+15
May	8.51+15
July	8.52+15
October	8.46+15
December	8.43+15
January	8.42+15
Middling Spot	8.82+11

11 A.M. QUOTATIONS

March	8.45

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 12

Following a decline of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 196 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 195/8 and declined to Rs. 194/8 on general liquidation. There was holiday feeling and the market was irregular. At the decline there was improved buying and prices advanced to Rs. 196/4 but met renewed selling and Broach A/M declined to Rs. 195. The market was steady at this level with disposition to buy on declines.

This year Broach cotton crop is smaller than expectation and later on there will be scarcity of long staple cotton. Under such a state sales of Broach J/A will prove risky eventually.

Later on there was improved buying and Broach J/A advanced to Rs. 200/8. To-day being Holi holiday, the market closed at 3 p.m. and quotations were as under:

F G M G BROACH:—		
April/May	Rs.	195 12 0
July/August		200 4 0
FINE M G OOMRA:—		
March		158 0 0
May		159 4 0
July		161 4 0
F G M G BENGAL:—		
March		124 12 0
May		125 4 0
July		126 12 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, March 12

	To-day	Total
Bengal	950	3400
Oomra	800	5350

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, March 12

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		130	128	126	124
M G Punjab		130	128	126	124
M G Rajputana		135	133	131	129
M G Oomra No. 3	163	160	157	154	
M G C P No. 1	188	185	182	179	
M G C P No. 2	172	169	166	163	
M G Broach No. 2		205	202	198	195

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, March 12

Approx quotations Ready Delivery contract.

Bengal Fine	124-27
Berar	151-58
C. P. 1	179-83
C. P. 2	161-66
Khandesh	131-38
Mugiai	142-44 ..... Mar
Broach	+4
Punjab S.G. 289F	325-45
Punjab R.G. 289F	295-305
Punjab R.G. 4F	240-45

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, March 12

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	.....	89,227	48,730
Central India	681	109,237	79,674
Barsi and Nagar	539	86,891	105,813
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	29,903	41,645
Berar	4,788	295,400	267,073
Central Provinces	515	59,593	67,291
Total Oomras	6,523	670,251	610,226
Dholeras	.....	51,289	52,185
N W Provinces	.....	1,202	23,418
Rajputana	92	4,840	25,731
Sind-Punjab	.....	377,560	296,142
Broach	508	32,492	225,250
Coompta and Dharwar	454	33,732	15,758
Westerns-Northerns	271	34,013	17,082
Cocoanada	.....	239	50
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	522	1,309
Total	7,848	1,206,140	1,267,161
Arrived by road to 6th March 1941	.....	188,133	204,358

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 12

Yesterday, London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London Spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 3/8d and 23 5/16d. respectively. The market was inert and later was dull and featureless

New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/8. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 62-5-9 and forward parity was Rs. 62-3-6. The local market was quietly steady with limited business in silver but gold was very steady on scattered buying and scarcity of sellers. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	43 12 0
Fagan		43 12 0
Chaitra		43 13 0
Sovereigns		99 7 0

SILVER

Ready	63 1 6
Fagan	63 1 0
Chaitra	63 0 6

LONDON SILVER

London, March 11

Spot	23 3/8
Forward	23 5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 11

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£8-8-0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 401 penny points at 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 393 penny points at 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 314 cent points at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 296 cent points at 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 11

Broach A/M highest 197 3/4 lowest 194 1/2 closing 197 1/2

Broach J/A highest 201 1/2 lowest 197 1/2 closing 201 1/2

Oomra March highest 159 1/2 lowest 156 1/2 closing 158 3/4

Oomra May highest 161 lowest 157 1/2 closing 160

Oomra July highest 163 3/4 lowest 160 closing 162 3/4

Bengal March highest 126 3/4 lowest 125 closing 125 3/4

Bengal May highest 127 1/4 lowest 125 1/4 closing 126

Bengal July highest 128 1/2 lowest 126 1/2 closing 127

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 11

UPPERS:—	
Spot	11.12+1
March	10.44+2
May	10.45+2
July	10.46+2
November	10.41+2
January	10.41+2
GIZA NO. 2:—	
Spot	12.10+2
March	11.10+2
May	11.09+2
July	11.05+2
November	11.07+2
January	11.07+2

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F P Bales	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 11-3-41	3017000	6669000
Receipts yesterday 11-3-41	11000	25000
Export to date 11-3-41	780000	5184000
Stock at Ports 7-3-41	1463000	2951000
Stock at Interior Towns 7-3-41	3107000	2732000
Stock at Liverpool 7-3-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 7-3-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 7-3-41	9100000	11768000
Quantity out of sight 7-3-41	.....	.....

Further Improvement In Share Bazar

PERSISTENT BUYING IN COTTON MILL SHARES

Steel Shares Harden Towards Close

Bombay, March 12

The local Stock Exchange once again ruled very steady to-day with continuous demand for cotton Mill shares. It is true that outside business is very small and some members of the Exchange are mainly operators but in view of restrictions on trading the market is narrow and is easily influenced by small orders. The industrial outlook is constructive and the general feeling remains moderately bullish.

The market position is fairly healthy and while forward quotations are keeping unduly high above cash section, the fact remains that there is no disposition to liquidate actual holdings as money market is easy and large sums are lying idle awaiting employment. This state is having its effect on share quotations and as long as the ban on short sales continues we would prefer to remain long.

The Wall Street market was not disposed to absorb profit-taking on Tuesday as conservatism inspired by war and labour news dictated cashing in on the previous day's bulge. Majority of issues was fractionally lower with the session closing heavy. U. S. Steel shares declined 1 3/8 at 58 1/8 and Anaconda Copper shares closed 7/8 lower at 24 1/2 dollars.

During the early part of the session, there was fairly active selective buying in Cotton Mill shares but towards the close Steel shares were in demand.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 12.

100 Ahm. Advance		270 10
250 BOMBAY DYEING		1117 8
100 CENTURY		397 8
100 CENTRAL INDIA		319 0
100 COLABA		179 0
100 Coorla		105 8
250 David		37 8
250 Dawn		347 8
1 E. D. Sassoon Def.		0 14 0
100 FINLAY		188 0
100 GOKAK		227 0
1000 Hindustan		2000 0
100 Indore		63 0
100 Khatau		152 8
100 KOHINOOR	X.D.	429 0
250 LAXMI		542 8
100 MORARJI		241 0
200 Model		78 0
50 MYSORE	X.D.	110 0
200 NEW GREAT		443 0
100 Osmanshai		52 0
100 Phoenix		266 0
25 Sassoon Silk		87 0
1000 Sholapur		2790 0
50 SIMPLEX		1 9 8
100 SWADESHI		298 8
100 SWAN		191 0
500 Vishnu		1350 0
1000 Western		1101 4
BANKS		
50-100 BARODA		111 0
25-50 CENTRAL X.D.		42 15
500 IMPERIAL		1535 0
125-500 Imp. Contrys.		835 0
50-100 India X.D.		143 12
100 RESERVE Bank		105 0
5 UNION		6 11
CEMENTS		
100 ASSOCIATED		146 8
INSURANCE		
100 Empire		652 8
15-100 JUPITER		13 10
20 Mercantile		66 0
15-75 NEW INDIA		41 4
200 Oriental		394 0
10-50 Vulcan		8 6
ELECTRIC		
100 AHMD. OLD X.D.		185 0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY		1842 8
10 AJMER		12 3
50 BOMBAY TRAM		134 0
100 Bombay Suburban		185 0
10 Broach		14 0
100 Karachi		213 12
100 Poona		215 0
100 Surat		182 8
1000 TATA HYDRO		185 0
1000 TATA POWER		16.5 0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij X.D.		812 8
100 C. Province		105 0
100 Dhond Baramati		104 4
100 Gujarat X.D.		100 0
100 Mandra Bhon		103 8
100 Pachora Jamner		63 8
100 Sara Sirajgunj		106 8
500 Tapti Valley		662 8
MININGS		
9 Burma Corporation X.D.		4 15
Zsn. Indian Copper		2 0 6
10 Indian Iron and Steel		31 4
10 SHIVRAJPUR		37 12
30 TATA STEEL DEF.		2030 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD.		393 0
10 Steel Corporation		19 5
MISCELLANEOUS		
100 ALCOCK		575 0
10 Air Service		3 8
50 BELAPUR SUGAR		216 0
200 Bombay Safe Dep.		595 0
250 BUMBAY STEAM		325 0
125 B. BURMA		563 12
50 B. Burma Cont.		187 8
8sh. Br. B. Petrol		3 4 6
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE		86 0
100 IND. BLEACHING		139 0
50 Ind. Invest Trust		48 0
100 Ind. Radio Def		506 4
100 Indian Radio Ord.		512 8
100 Port Canning		87 8
30 PREMIER CON.		96 0
15 SCINDIA		22 0
25 Tata Oil		41 0
100 Wimco		202 8
PREFERENCE		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley		1537 8
6 p.c. Bombay Steam		313 12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.) X.D.		76 0
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)		632 8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st		118 8
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 2nd		110 8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro		154 6
7 1/2 p.c Tata Power		1582 8
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st		213 12
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd		148 8
7 p.c. Vishnu		741 4
DEBENTURES		
3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley		101 —
6 p.c. Andhra Valley		101 4
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone		51 8
5 p.c. Sholapur		76 4
6 p.c. Tata Hydro		180 4

Active Shares At A Glance

Bombay, March 12

Bombay Dyeing (1115) 1112 1115 1112 1122 1117 1122 1118 1121 1118

Century (395) 394 395/8 398 400 402 397 401 402 397

Central India (314/8) 315 316 317 319/8 317 320 319

Kohinoor (425) 425 426 427 430 432 429 428 431 429

New Great (444) 442 443 445 447 446 447 448

Simplex (109) 109 110 109/8 111 110 109/8

Swadeshi (290/8) 289 290 292 293 300 302 298 300 298

Associated Cement (146/12) 146/8 147/4 146/12

Andhra (1835) 1842

Tram Ord (134) 134

Tata Hydro (185) 185

Tata Power (1605) 1605 1610 1612 1615

T Steel Defd (2021/4) 2015 2025 2022 2026 2020 2035 2030

T Steel Ord (391/8) 391 393 392 393 392 394 393

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (148/4) 148/8

Bellapur (214) 215 214 216 215 216

B Steam (325) 325

B Burma (560) 557 570 567 571 565

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 12

The market opened easier on lower foreign advices but towards the close some scattered buying interests emanated attracted by the lower rates, and prices rallied up sharply. Tata Deferreds opened at 1930 and declined to 1927-8 but later advanced to 1950 closing finally at 1945. Tata Ordinaries opened at 380-8 and improved to 384 but closed at 383. Textiles kept in demand at higher rates and Bombay Dyeings were done higher at 1082-8. Indian Irons were quiet at 31-2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1940) 1930 27-8 50 45

Tata Ordinaries (382-8) 380-8 84 83

Bomaby Dyeings (1075) 1070 82-8 80

Tata Ordinary 383; Tata Deferred 1945; Indian Iron 31/2; Bombay Dyeing 1080; Century 382/8; Central India 293/12; Kohinoor 411/14; Associated Cement 140; Bombay Burma 535; Scindia Steam 22; Tata Hydro 181/4, Reserve Bank 104/4; Imperial Bank F P 1532/8; Central Bank 42/12; Bank of India 143/12; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/10.

Sales Of Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 11th March 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,59,25,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-0 allotted approximately 24 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-11-6 per cent per annum

Tenders for Rs One Crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 18th March 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 21st March 1941, or 20th March where Friday is a holiday. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 7th March 1941 Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 5,19,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 12th March 1941 to 17th March 1941 at Rs. 99-13-3 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' intermediates sold from 5th March 1941 to 10th March 1941 amounted to Rs. 2,76,25,000.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, March 12

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. April 127 June 128 August 129

Yarn No. 10 1/2s. April 149 June 151 August 153

Yarn No. 20 1/2s. April 215 June 218 August 220

Yarn No. 40s. April 287 June 289 August 291

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 7th day of March, 1941.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	11,92,99,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	237,00,99,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	17,56,54,000
Total Notes issued	266,50,52,000
Total Liabilities	266,50,52,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 69.385 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	
Sterling Securities	140,50,11,000
Total of A.	184,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	31,97,25,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities	49,61,73,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	...
Total Assets	266,50,52,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 7th March 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(a) Central Govt. of India	27,03,77,000
(2) Government of Burma	3,24,94,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	6,84,72,000
(b) Banks	42,80,37,000
(c) Others	1,43,64,000
Bills Payable	60,15,000
Other Liabilities	4,24,04,000
Rupees	96,21,63,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	11,71,21,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	21,78,000
Rupee Coin	5,08,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,08,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	...
(b) External	...
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,99,000
Balances held abroad*	75,66,11,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	...
Other Loans and Advances	8,00,000
Investments	7,07,10,000
Other Assets	1,36,28,000
Rupees	96,21,63,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, March 12

The Seeds Traders' Association market was closed to-day and will remain closed on Thursday, owing to Holi holidays.

UNION BANK OF INDIA

Deposits Increase By 36 Per Cent

Profitable Investment Of Idle Funds

Presiding over the 32nd annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Union Bank of India Ltd., on Tuesday afternoon Mr. K. R. P. Shroff said:—

Owing to the unavoidable absence of my colleague Mr. M. S. Captain, Chairman of the Board, due to his indisposition, your choice has fallen upon me to-day to preside at this meeting and I thank you for the same.

The Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December, 1940, and the audited Balance Sheet as at that day have been in your hands, and, I will, as usual, with your permission, take them as read.

During the year under reference, the steady progress which the Bank has been making has been maintained. You will find that the deposits, figure of which stood at the end of the previous year at Rs. 1,44,39,415, have increased to Rs. 1,96,72,819 which is an increase of about 36 per cent. over last year, the total increase being Rs. 52,33,404 and an increase of over Rs. 90,63,000 over the amount at the end of the year ending 31st March, 1938, which was Rs. 1,06,09,100. Our profits show an increase of over Rs. 67,750 over the profits of the previous year (on 12 months' basis) and an increase of Rs. 1,07,300 over the profits of the year ending 31st March, 1938.

On account of the restricted demand for funds for business requirements, considerable funds had to lie idle for varying periods and this is answerable for the decline in advances which have gone down to Rs. 67,11,500 as compared with Rs. 96,22,800 last year This has not been the experience of our Bank alone. Your Directors, under the circumstances, invested the funds, which could not be utilised as advances, in the purchase of Government Securities and Debentures and shares of approved Joint Stock Companies. You will observe that the Bank's investments have thus gone up to Rs. 1,31,68,700 as against Rs. 80,51,700 last year. A proper opportunity was seized in making these investments, and you will observe, that in spite of the transfer to the Profit and Loss account of Rs. 1,94,736-7-8 from Investment account representing differences in purchase and sale of investments, there was still an appreciation of over Rs. 7,37,000 in this account on 31-12-1940.

Mr. B. M. BHARGAVA, the able Secretary of the Union Bank of India whose efforts have contributed to the progressive success of the Bank.

Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, who presided over the annual meeting of the Union Bank of India.

Profit for the year has been Rs. 4,10,398. This has enabled the Directors to place to the Reserve Fund a sum of Rs. 1,25,000 thus raising the total Reserve Fund to Rs. 10,00,000.

Under the head "Safe Deposit Vault" you will find that the additions during the year amounted to Rs. 17,883. This represents the cost of new lockers installed during the year and the strong rooms erected, for which the need was felt.

Beyond this the accounts do not require any further comment.

I shall conclude with an acknowledgment of the services of our able Secretary, Mr. B. M. Bhargava, whose devotion and ceaseless efforts have in no small measure contributed to this satisfactory result. All our officers, the Agents at the Branch Offices and the entire staff, have worked whole-heartedly in the interests of the Bank, and on your behalf, I desire to convey to them our cordial and grateful appreciation of their services.

I have pleasure now in moving that the Directors' Report and the audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1940, as printed and circulated among the Shareholders, be and are hereby adopted.

The Directors' report, the audited balance sheet and Profit and Loss accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1940, were adopted.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 12

LONDON:—

B. C. RATES:—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 11th September

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 11th Sept.

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 11th Sept.

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 two months

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling T T 332 3/4

Bank's buying T T 329 3/4

Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal.

Bank's buying T T 77 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal

JAVA:—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 85 1/4

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 21

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES:—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 12th inst.

Shanghai London 0/3 17/32 12th inst.

New York London 4.03 1/2 11th inst.

London Java 7.58/62 11th inst.

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 11th inst.

London Switzerland 17.30/40 11th inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 11th inst.

London Japan 1/2 1/2 11th inst.

London Canada 4.43/47 11th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near Steady forward.

Gold £8-8-0 11th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 3/8 11th inst.

Silver London Forward 23 5/16 11th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 8th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 11th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 11th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call unendable.

4 months 1/2 per cent.

6 months 3/4 per cent.

Tone: Very easy.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 12.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 96-14

3 1/2 per c

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1941

New York: March 12.

Previous closing	10.67
To-day's opening	10.64
Difference	-3
To-day's closing	10.65
Difference	-2

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 196/-
Broach July/August	Rs. 200/-

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941.

Liverpool: March 12

Previous closing	8.50
To-day's opening	8.50
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	8.49
Difference	-1

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 12.

New York cotton further eased on lack of leadership with traders acting cautiously awaiting further developments, but later the trend improved on specialists support.

Trading in July began at 10.64, that is, 3 points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on increased liquidation and spot house selling, but the pressure soon subsided and steadier tone developed.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—

March (10.78/76) 10.68/66
May (10.77/75) 10.66/66
July (10.76/76) 10.64/64

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—

American March (8.47) 8.49
American May (8.48) 8.50
Egyptian Giza March (11.10) 11.10
Egyptian Giza May (11.09) 11.09

LONDON COMMODITIES

London: March 12

Castorseeds January February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta February March (£18 9/15 quoted) £18 9/15 quoted
Linseed La Plata March (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal February March (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee March (£45) £45
Lightning March (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (13 9/16d paid and value) 13 5/8d paid and buyers.
Forward July September (13 5/8d paid and sellers) 13 3/4d paid and sellers.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: March 12.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-days closing	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: March 12

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T LONDON ON PARIS

London: March 12.

T. T. London on Paris not quoted.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: March 12

The following cable was received from London:—

Market was quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: March 12.

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 7/16d +1/16
Forward (23 5/16d) 23 3/8d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

London: March 12

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: March 12.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1 6) 1-5
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.38
London on Shanghai (0-3 7/32 to 0-3 17/32)
0-3 1/4 to 0-3 17/32.
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1 2 1/2) 1-2 to 1 2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: March 12.

There was no trading during the night session.

LONDON METALS

Tin (£268 1/4 buyers; £268 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £269 buyers; £269 1/4 sellers. Irregular.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: March 12.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: March 12.

London Stock Exchange was dull to-day.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: March 12.

5 per cent 1958/68 (£104 3/4) £104 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 3/4) £77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 5/8) £103 5/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99) £99
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/4) £114 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loans (£104 1/4) £104 1/4
New War Loan (£100 3/8) £100 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 1/8) £111 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (10-9) 10-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (32-6) 32-9
Hydro Electric No dealings.
Electric Music Industry (7-6) 7-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (18-6) 18-6
Imperial Chemicals (29-3) 29-0
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-7 1/2) 48-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£47 1/2) £47
Dundee Rubber (31-3) 31-3
Unilever Ordinary (22-6) 22-6
Ford Motors (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60 1/2) £60 1/4
British African Tobacco Ordinary (87 6) 86-3
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (92 6) 91-3
P and O Def (21-1 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Distillers (62-0) 61-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-4 1/2) 28-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-3) 27-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (14-7 1/2) 14 7½
Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 38 1/2) dol 38½
Indian Iron (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-9) 17-9
Donaro Tea (30-3) 30-3
Empire of India (22-6) 21-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14 6) 14-4 1/2
Gula Kelampong (15-9) 15 9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-3) 25-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (20-0) 20-0
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
East Rand Properties (40-0) 40-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 3/8) £6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (60-0) 60
Trinidad Leasehold (63-1 1/2) 63-9
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£7) £7

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-3) 26-3
Anglo India (35-0) 34-4 1/2
Burma Oil (51-3) 50-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (7-7 1/2) 7-7 1/2
Shell Transport (43-1 1/2) 42-6
Royal Dutch (£18) £18

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£31 5/8) £31 1/2
London Midland Ordinary (£12) £11 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£119) £119
London Transport 'C' (£32) £32

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: March 12

New York Stock Exchange opening prices were:—

General Motors dol 43 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 24 5/8
U S Steel Corpn Common dol 58 5/8
U S Steel Preference dol 118 5/8.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, March 12

Linseed May	4 15 6
Linseed September	5 2 9
Wheat May	3 11 9
Wheat September	3 12 9

LONDON SEEDS

London, March 11

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe March/April quoted	20/4 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo March/April quoted	20/1 1/2
Wheat South Australian March/April quoted	26/6

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 11

T T London on:—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.80
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.33/17.43
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

SHIPPING NEWS.

SAILED

Bombay: March 12.

Shaw Wallace and Coy's Swedish s s Sagoland of 1407 reg tons, Capt H Bang Melchoil, sailed for Calcutta with general cargo.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Syunko Maru of 5015 reg tons, Capt T Abe, sailed for Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Lisbon Maru of 308 reg tons, Capt E Kubo, sailed for Karachi with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading on 12/3/1941:—

Japanese s s Syunko Maru.

IMPORTS

Bombay: March 12.

200 cases kippers, 250 c/s yeast, 38 c/s calcium salt mixtures, 44 c/s printer's ink, 100 c/s wine and glassware, 3037 c/s washing blue, 149 c/s metal polish, 96 c/s liquid antiseptic, 100 c/s Wincarnis, 140 c/s biscuits, rusks and Ovaltine, 731 c/s whisky, 34 c/s glass paper, 40 c/s Snowene blocks, 690 c/s beer, 2101 loose motor tyres, 31 loose motor rubber tyres, 94 loose joists, 79 loose flats, 136 loose channels, 34 c/s advtg matter, maps, books, charts etc., 79 c/s cigarettes and tobacco, 65 pkgs toilet requisites, cream and soaps, 50 loose cylinders, 272 drums formaldehyde, 614 dms bleaching powder, 35 casks asphalt, 76 bls wool tops, 40 bls wool, 97 pkgs machinery and parts, 719 bdls provision, sauce, pickles etc., 240 pkgs corks, 55 loose tyres with tubes inserted, 72 loose sinks, 305 c/s dry distemper, 1107 cts tiles, 94 c/s cinema film, photo paper etc., 795 pkgs glassware, 61 cyl anhydrous ammonia, 200 carboys Hydrogen Peroxide, 128 pkgs wireless receivers and spares, 100 pkgs radio sets, 77 cts radio receivers, 966 pkgs whiting, colours and dyes, 890 boxes fresh fish and cheese, 39 bdls sausages, 42 pkgs fish, 789 pkgs chemicals, medicines and drugs, 380 pkgs paints and painter's materials, 569 bags betelnuts, 7596 bags cocoanuts, 118 bags copra, 196 bags ginger, 95 bdls coir ropes, 30 bdls coir yarn, 26907 pcs teak scantlings.

EXPORTS

Bombay: March 12.

187 bls straw braids M Mackenzie and Co; 2667 bags groundnuts Ralli Bros Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 1334 bags grd nut seeds Raja Oil Mills; 1968 bags grdnuts Louis Dreyfus and Co; 584 bags linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 334 bags gum M Kantilal 667 bags gum Narsi Muljee and Co; 47 bags old pickers The Ideal Overseas Exporting Agency; 2560 bags grdnuts Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd.

High Court

CAN INSOLVENT PROSECUTE APPEAL?

Motion Before Appeal Court

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr Justice Blackim).

Chanurakant Devji: Appellant (Original Defendant) v. Messrs Narotamdas Amarchand: Respondents (Original plaintiff).

This was a notice of motion taken out before the Court of Appeal by the respondents for an order that the appeal be set down for dismissal and be dismissed, or in the alternative that the appellant be directed to furnish further and better security in the sum of Rs. 2,000.

The appellant had preferred this appeal against the judgment and decree of the Hon. Mr. Justice Somjee in favour of the respondents on 9th December 1940 for Rs. 10,400 and interest and costs. The respondents having taken out an Insolvency Notice on failure to recover this decretal amount, the appellant was adjudicated insolvent on 21st January 1941. In the meantime, on 7th December 1940, the appellant preferred the present appeal from the money decree passed by Mr. Justice Somjee. The respondent, thereupon took the present notice of motion contending that by reason of the adjudication order the appellant himself is not entitled to continue this appeal since the official assignee had decided to do so.

Counsel for the respondent contended that under Order 22, Rule 8 read with Rule 11 of the Code of Civil Procedure, if the official assignee declines to continue a suit which he might maintain for the benefit of the insolvent's creditors, the other party may apply for the dismissal of the suit or appeal, and that unlike Section 28 (5) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, Section 52 and other relevant Sections of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act did not except even a mere right to sue for damages from vesting in the official assignee.

Their Lordships held that the present proceedings were not such as the official assignee "might maintain for the benefit of his (i.e. the insolvent's) creditors" within the working of Order 22, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure and were, therefore, of the opinion that the insolvent was entitled to continue the appeal and that the powers of the official assignee under S. 68 (1) (d) of the P. T. Insolvency Act was confined to suits relating to property of the insolvent. Their Lordships further stated that the mere fact of the poverty of the appellant was not by itself a ground for a court to demand larger security for costs of the appeal than Rs. 500 already deposited by the appellant under the High Court Rules. Their Lordships, therefore, dismissed the respondents' notice of motion with costs.

Mr. N. P. Engineer with Mr. M. M. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai and Diwanji, appeared for the respondents in support of the notice of motion.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary instructed by Messrs Thakoredas and Co., appeared for the appellants to oppose the notice of motion.

WHEAT CROP

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay has issued the following Second Memorandum on the Wheat crop of the Bombay Province (including Indian States) for the season 1940-41:—

On an average of five years ending 1938-39 the area under wheat in the territory to which this forecast relates has represented some 6.2 per cent of the total area under the crop in whole India.

(2) During the same period the ratio of irrigated wheat area to total wheat area in British districts of the Bombay Province has averaged 11.0 per cent. The ratio of this year is about 11.9 per cent.

(3) The figures for the year under report (i.e. 1940-41) shown in this forecast, relate to the wheat crop sown in October-November 1940.

(Estimates up to 15th February 1941)

Total area under irrigated and unirrigated wheat so far reported 1,622 thousand acres British districts and 328 thousand acres Indian States. Total 1,950 thousand acres; 7.5 per cent and 5.8 per cent below last year's corresponding area and decennial average at same date respectively. Decrease in area general due deficient late rains.

In Gujarat, crop fairly well being benefited by late rains except in parts of the north where suffered owing to want of soil moisture. In the North Deccan crop fairly satisfactory except in parts of Khandesh where crop did not germinate properly owing to rains at sowing time and had to be resown. In the South Deccan and Karnatak, crop showed no satisfactory progress and remained stunted in growth due to insufficient soil moisture. Rust attack reported from parts of Ahmednagar and Satara districts and cater-pillars appeared in places in Ahmednagar district in the Deccan. The crop in this area is approaching maturity.

INDO-EAST AFRICAN TRADE DRIVE

Move For Cotton And Piecegoods Exports On Reciprocal Quota Basis

MADRAS, March 12.

Mr. H. M. Ismail, Trade Commissioner of India in East Africa, who arrived in Madras to-day from Calcutta met the members of the Southern India Chamber of Commerce and discussed with them matters relating to trade between India and East Africa.

On their suggestion, Mr. Ismail agreed to convey to the Government of India the question of linking exports of cotton from East Africa to India with the exports of cotton piecegoods from India on a reciprocal quota basis.

Mr. Ismail also promised to explore the possibility of introducing more Indian products into East African market.

Mr. Ismail was later entertained at tea by the Muslim Chamber of Commerce who presented him a memorandum requesting him to secure for India a fair share of the East African Trade.

In the course of his reply, Mr. Ismail said that Indian piecegoods and certain other commodities had secured a foothold in East Africa and stood well both in respect of quality and price against foreign competition. The war had presented them with a rare opportunity and he urged the Indian exporters and manufacturers to take a more active interest in foreign markets, study their requirements and by adopting a long range policy consolidate their position in foreign markets.—A. P.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY

New Office-Bearers Elected

The 55th annual general meeting of the Anthropological Society of Bombay was held in the rooms of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society on Wednesday evening when Dr. H. T. Sorley, the retiring president of the society delivered an address on "Law and Property in Anthropology."

At the outset, the annual report and a statement of accounts of the society for the year 1940 were adopted by the meeting.

Dr. G. S. Ghurye was elected president of the society for the year 1941. The following office bearers and members of the council were also elected:— Vice Presidents, Mr. R. P. Masani and Mr. K. A. Padhye; Members, Dr. H. T. Sorley, Dr. J. McKenzie, Dr. Jal F Bulsara, Mr. M. K. Sett, Mr. R. K Prabhu and Mr. P. G. Shah; Hon. Secretary and treasurer, Dr. N. A Thoothi; Honorary Auditors, Mr. K. A. Padhye and Mr. R. K. Prabhu.

Dr. Sorley in the course of his address said that out of the social arrangement which human society necessarily implied, two influences had been created by human intelligence, influences which enabled him to reach a higher stage of development—the conception of Law and the Institution of Property.

Both Law and Property were fundamental in human organisation. The study of Law necessarily involved an examination of the nature of the State. The sociological explanation of State sovereignty was denied by cultural anthropologists. Dr. Sorley dealt extensively with the differences in the views of political theorists and the jurists on the one side and the anthropologists on the other, regarding the nature and functions of the state, implying some kind of compulsion, in primitive society.

As far as property was concerned, the bitterest controversies had centred, round the nature and extent of property, in modern times. Such views were necessarily based on the views of good and bad held by the people who propounded the theories. Anthropology was not concerned with these views, but examined the institution of property objectively and without reference to conceptions of Right and Wrong, Justice and Injustice and the whole complicated system of responsibilities, obligations, checks and counter checks, common to a modern society.

After an examination of the various views regarding Law and Property, Dr. Sorely stated that it was safe to conclude that in primitive society, there was a clear distinction between use, possession and ownership and that there was something like a function of control, although there was nothing like a state with powers of control. One could also state that the system of organised Law came into being, only when intelligent thinking had become a habit with human society. It was the business of cultural anthropology to show how this system of law worked and changed, not to demonstrate if it was right or wrong.

Dr. G. S. Ghurye proposed a vote of thanks to Dr. Sorley.

NINE INJURED IN CITY CAR ACCIDENT

The watered surface of a road is reported to have been responsible for a serious motor accident which took place near Prarthana Samaj, Sandhurst Road, on Wednesday morning, resulting in injuries to nine persons.

It is stated that at about 8 a.m. a motor car which was passing skidded over the road surface which had been watered. The driver lost control of the steering and the car dashed on to the footpath near Benham Hall Lane. Nine persons, including two women, were injured.

Four of them were treated at the J. J. Hospital and were allowed to go while five others who had sustained serious injuries have been detained for treatment.

The police are investigating

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 12-3-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.010 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.4 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.2 degrees 0.7 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 72.3 degrees 1.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 79 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 2 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 182 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 20 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1,310 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 05h. 23m. I.S.T. on Wednesday, the 12th March, 1941.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12-3-41.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.08 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.88 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

C. R. Reddi's Alternative To Pakistan

Confederation Principle For The Centre And Present Constitution To Continue In Provinces

MADRAS, March 12.

A Central Government formed on the principle of a confederation as an alternative to the Pakistan scheme is suggested by Mr. C. R. Reddi, Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University, in the course of a statement. This alternative, he says, is "historically as well as logically better suited to the solution of the Indian constitutional problem."

Mr. Reddi says: "Muslims require a strong enough representation in the Central Government and sufficient power for safeguarding their cultural interests without depending on the grace of others of the efficacy of constitutional arrangements, the workability of which could never be guaranteed. In my opinion, this would be found, even under the present system of provinces, by forming the Central Government on the principle of a confederation. Under this, the total number of members of the Central Cabinet will be 11 or 12. Each member will be a nominee of a Provincial Government. Each Provincial Government may send up a panel of three members from which His Excellency the Viceroy will select one for appointment.

The following may be regarded as the Muslim majority provinces:—Bengal, Sind, Punjab, Assam, and Northwest Frontier, and the following, as the Hindu majority provinces:—Madras, Orissa, Central Provinces, Bombay, Bihar and the United Provinces. On the confederated basis then, there will be in the Central Government five representatives of Muslim majority provinces and six of Hindu. It is on all accounts most desirable that the Sikhs should be given one seat, and this may be left to the nomination of the Viceroy."

This cabinet will be irremovable. And furthermore, the Prime Ministership may rotate between the different members, as is the case in Switzerland, which will satisfy the sense of power and self-respect of the three most important communities in the country.

IN PROVINCES

In the provinces, the present constitution might be honoured in spirit as well as letter. If this is done, members returned by the special electorates would be entitled to meet and send up a panel from which the Governor would choose his Ministers, one from each category of electorates, though some rough proportion between the total strength of each category and the number of Ministerships it would be entitled to hold, will have to be fixed. It would not be fair for all the Hindus to have but one member in the Cabinet while the Muslims and Christians representing a very small proportion of the strength of the legislatures would also be entitled to have one each. Here the confederation principle is out of the question, and the number of Ministerships to be held will have to vary with the number of seats allotted to each category.

The nominees of the Provincial Governments need not be persons of the province. This will enable all-India organisations like Congress and League to send to the Central Government their national leaders from the Provincial Governments in which they secure a majority.—A. P.

LIQUOR IN CAR'S PETROL TANK

Thirteen gallons and 16 drams of illicit liquor were, it is alleged extracted yesterday by the Police from the petrol tank of a motor car. Rahimkhan Bahadurkhan, driver of the car, was arrested on a charge of transporting illicit liquor to the city.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 200 (Rs. 100 to be deposited).

Midwifery Exam. Results

The following candidates have passed at the Midwifery examination held in February 1941 by the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors' Council:

English Candidates: Fernandez Alice, Hatton Irene, Kavasmaneck Sarosh, Navis Cynthia, Cherian Annamma, Padbidri Manorama bai, Maben Yamuna Samuel, Flynn Marjorie Irene, Joseph Annamma, Mascarenhas Alice, Pai Gangubai.

Marathi Candidates: Joshi Sushilabai, Raste Indirabai, Paranjpe Jankibai, Parwate Anandibai, Pringle Elizabeth, Patankar Vimalabai, Thergaonkar Tarabai, Karlekar Indubai, Gothivarekar Vatsala, Pradhan Manorama, Rahamin Chanu, Ravut Shantabai, Sabnis Hirabai, Tadke Madhumalati, Benjamin Kamal, Kulkarni Laxmibai, Galkwad Babibai, Phatak Vimalbai, Sanglikar Karuna, Suryawanshi Indira. Pagewale Sundrabai.

Gujarati Candidates: Mody Gool Brackshaw, Desai Naomibai Khambata Elizabeth M., Solanki Maniben, Patel Dahiben, Thakor Mariun, Harilal Ludiaben, Virjibhai Nirupma, Jajal Raliat, Karelia Savita.

Canarese Candidates: Kuknoor Rukmini bai.

HANDLOOM WEAVING INDUSTRY

Fact Finding Committee In Bangalore

BANGALORE, March 12.

The Fact Finding Committee appointed by the Government of India to enquire into the question of handloom weaving industry throughout India, which arrived in Bangalore yesterday, discussed with the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore and his officers problems connected with the handloom industry with special reference to the economic position of Mysore weavers.

Dr. P. J. Thomas, President of the Committee, told the Associated Press that this was only a preliminary investigation and another visit to various centres would be undertaken sometime later when evidence would be collected. The Committee expects to issue a questionnaire at the end of this month. —A. P.

Bill To Prevent 'Ribbon Development'

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Select Committee on the Bill to prevent "ribbon development" and to control the use of land in general for other than agricultural purposes in Delhi Province met this morning and concluded its work in 2 1/2 hours. The Committee meets again on March 15 to sign its report.—A. P.

Audited Returns Of Traffic

The following is the statement of the Audited Returns of Traffic of the various Railways under Messrs. Killick Nixon & Co.'s agency for the month of December, 1940:—

	For December 1940.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with December 1939.		Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year
			From 1-1-40 to 31-12-40	
Tapti Valley Railway	Rs. 3,31,173	+Rs. 43,845	Rs. 30,62,066	+Rs. 5,25,432
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	Rs. 93,052	+Rs. 9,138	Rs. 11,14,171	+Rs. 64,115
			From 1-4-40 to 31-12-40	
Guzerat Railways	Rs. 39,320	+Rs. 748	Rs. 3,27,934	+Rs. 35,066
			From 1-10-40 to 31-12-40	
Central Prov. Rlys.	Rs. 50,539	+Rs. 2,975	Rs. 1,33,320	+Rs. 28,454
Mandra Bhon Rly.	Rs. 18,911	+Rs. 4,837	Rs. 52,607	+Rs. 15,234
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	Rs. 49,247	+Rs. 9,221	Rs. 1,41,118	+Rs. 32,555

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

SECURITIES FIRM

MADRAS: March 12.

On the Stock Exchange securities have turned to be a firmer market. A fairly large amount of business was possible in Printing issues. Textiles have been well supported and Miscellaneous issues remained steady.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day were:—

Indian Overseas 50/8 X-D, Vasantas ord 109 X-D, Radhakrishnas 126, 127/8, Fringfords ord 7/6, 7/9 s l, Mlamallay Prefs 25/4, Devon ord 8/8 s l, 8/10, Kalpettas 18/4, Nellithanam 8/8, Thamarapally 8/8, Travancores 8/15, 9, Tropicals 18/14, Midlands 5/1, Nilgiri Neerugundi ord 1/8 s l, Mysore Sugars 49/8, South Madras Electrics ord 13/2, Andhra Cement ord 68, Andhra Cement Pref 110, Mysore Paper 14/4, Mysore Chemicals 17/2, Mysore Stoneware 8/3, 8/4, Mysore Lamps 9/2, Spencer 'B' 9/2.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 11

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian stocks 3 per cent 1948	£88 3/8
Indian stocks 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£98 7/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£77 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£103 5/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£104 1/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 1/8
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£111 1/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£8 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	£75
National Bank of India	£31 3/4

NEED FOR GRADING OF INDIAN POTATO CROP

Demand For Standard Produce

The importance of grading and standardising various types of potatoes grown in India is stressed by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India in his Report on the Marketing of Potatoes in India and Burma just published.

"In the absence of definite grades and standards it is very difficult to compare prices in different markets", the Report states, "and importers and exporters take great risk in taking action on the basis of prices communicated to them by their agents. Not only are the standards different in different markets but they cannot also be relied upon. The position is worse in the case of seed potatoes, because factors such as the presence of other varieties and of diseased tubers, the condition of the tubers, etc., are of great importance in their case. The ultimate yield of the crop largely depends upon the quality of seed potatoes planted. Personal inspection, therefore, becomes all the more necessary in the case of seed potatoes."

The prevailing practice in India is for potatoes to be personally examined to find out the proportion of diseased, damaged or unripe tubers before they are purchased. This entails loss of time and money and adds to the cost of the produce. There is, therefore, need for the grading of potatoes both for table and seed purposes.

Wholesale merchants and commission agents all over the country generally grade potatoes in a rough and ready manner, mainly according to size. There are no fixed and recognised standards. Potatoes graded as big one day may be graded as medium another day.

DEALERS SEEK HELP

The need for graded produce is keenly felt and requests for help in grading under statutory regulations have been received from big dealers and growers all over the country. Tentative grade standards for seed potatoes produced in Bihar and Bengal and for table potatoes produced in the Nilgiri Hills have been drawn up, under the provisions of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act of 1937. Potatoes were actually graded in 1939 in accordance with these standards. The total quantity of seed potatoes graded was 7,334 maunds and the increase in prices of the graded produce over the ungraded in the case of the three main commercial varieties was as much as 9.3 per cent. The first experiment created a substantial demand amongst buyers for graded produce with the result that other merchants have now applied for permission to grade their seed potatoes under the "Agmark" scheme.

PREMIUM FOR GRADED PRODUCE

The grading of potatoes for table purposes was first started in 1939 at Mettupalaiyam, which is one of the largest potato markets in India. The grading work was undertaken by merchants and by the Nilgiri District Agricultural Co-operative Sale Society. About 11,800 maunds were graded and on an average a premium of 3.7 per cent was realised for the graded produce. Requests for permission to grade produce on these lines have been received from dealers in the United Provinces and the Central Provinces.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, March 12

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 70 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 79 8 0

Tone:—Very steady.

BOOK EARLY
YOUR stall in
6th ALL-INDIA SWADESHI EXHIBITION
OF THE
INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR LTD.
BOMBAY.
Opens at AHMEDABAD.
(Bhadra, Near Imperial Bank)
on 4th April, 1941.
For Plan & Prospectus apply:
Head Office: S. P. M. Road.
Bombay 1.
or, 666/2, Gandhi Road,
AHMEDABAD

SEX

Are you interested in sex? Do you want anything regarding sex? If so, please write to us. We have connections with the experts of this Science in the west and shall try our best to meet your wishes. Get our big free illustrated catalogue and increase your knowledge Correspondence confidential

Sexual Science Bureau.
No. 66, Anarkali, P.B. 138, Lahore.

THE OFFICIAL

As the representative of local or central Government, his clothes must be irreproachable. But official work often means touring in the hottest weather. For supreme comfort he wears a half-sleeve shirt, with attached collar, made of "Firefly" in one of the new, simple designs, faintly flecked with coloured threads to make it distinctive. The absorbent texture of "Firefly" keeps him cool in office or out in the sun.

LUSTALIN *and* ***Firefly*** **SHIRTINGS**

Well-Dressed Men Also Wear
HANAVA *and* **Riviera**
Featherweight
UNCRUSHABLE COTTON
Suitings

Look for these trade marks on the selvedge

ALL BINNY CLOTHS
BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC MILLS, MADRAS

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

"Boom Town's" stars . . . in the funniest LOVE comedy since "Ninotchka"!
Clark Hedy
GABLE * LAMARR
"Comrade X"
A KING VIDOR PRODUCTION with Oscar HOMOLKA · Felix BRESSART Eve ARDEN
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

ADDED ATTRACTIONS!
M.-G.-M.S. PASSING PARADE
PETE SMITH SPECIALTY
BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS.

MATINEE
TO-DAY: 1 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Popular Triumph
Bandhan
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
ROXY

SPECIAL
MATINEE TO-DAY
at 1-30 p.m.
"NARTAKI"
NEW THEATRES'
EPIC
12th Week
MINERVA
Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

REGAL Phone 35017
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
DOWN THE STREET THAT GIVES THE WORLD ITS GREATEST SONGS!
The Singing Star of "Alexander's Rag Time Band" The Torchy Glamorous Star of "Down Argentine Way". The comic who's just come into his own.
IN
TIN PAN ALLEY
With
ALICE FAYE
BETTY GRABLE
JACK OAKIE
NICHOLAS BROTHERS
the Dancers Extraordinary of "Down Argentine Way"
ALSO
INDIA ARMS FOR VICTORY
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED

MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2 P. M.
Daily at 4-30, 7-15, 10 P. M.
3rd THRILLING WEEK
RANJIT'S SOCIAL
PARDESI
A picture that will entertain your Soul and Heart.....
Director:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA, E. BILLIMORIA.
LAMINGTON

PALACE Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
THE GREATEST OF ALL SOUTH SEA ADVENTURE PICTURES!
SOUTH OF PAGO PAGO
with the Hero of "THE HURRICANE"
JON HALL
ALSO SHOWING WAR NEWS
Last Two Days Only
TO-DAY MORN. AT 10-30
WHOLE SERIAL SHOW
GREEN HORNET

TO-DAY:
Matinee, 1-30 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
Song-and-Dance Drama
"PUNARMILAN"
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC

LAUGH-PACKED, LOVE-THRILLING ENTERTAINMENT OF THE YEAR!
आशा पिक्चर्स
ASHA PICTURES'
Rollicking Romance
GHAR JAWAI
Screenplay: PRINCIPAL ATRE,
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA
MATINEE TO-DAY, 1-30 P. M.
Daily: 4, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
NEW WEST END

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Sud 15, 1997
Muslim: Safar 17, 1360
Parsi: Meher 10, 1310
Highitide: 11-55; 00-00
Lowtide: 05-47; 17-53
Sunrise: 6h. 50m.
Sunset: 6h. 48m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A public study class will be held at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Thursday) at Putla House, Bhaudaji Road, Matunga, on the subject of "Astral Body and Its Powers."

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Mazdaznan Association Dastur Framroze A. Bode will deliver a lecture in English on "The Excellence of Mazdaznan—The Mother Religion" to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the Industrial Insurance Building, opp. Churchgate Station.

PARSI ARTS & CRAFTS EXHIBITION

A splendid opportunity for ladies of all classes is presented for buying varieties of silk embroideries, toilet requisites, household goods, etc., from the Arts and Crafts Exhibition at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, today, which is the last day. There is no entrance fee.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Strike up the Band". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Tin Pan Alley". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Comrade X" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—At 6-30 p.m. Recital of Classical Dances and at 10 p.m. "Pastor Hall."
NEW EMPIRE—"The Great Dictator" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Ghar Jawai". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat". Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madhusudan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pardesi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Sant Tulsidas". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Mere Sajan". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Kapal Kundala". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
PALACE—"South of Pago Pago". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Qaidi". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m

"LADIES ONLY" AT PATHE

There will be a morning show to-day (Thursday) at Pathe of Sagar's hilarious comedy "Ladies Only" at 10 a.m.

HOLIKA UTSAV CELEBRATION

There will be wrestling and Hututu tournaments at Dadar Hindu Gymkhana, Shivaji Park, Dadar, to-day (Thursday) at 5-30 p.m. Seth Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee will preside and distribute the prizes.

YOUNG MEN'S BOVI ASSOCIATION

The 5th annual gathering of the above association will be held to-day (Thursday) at the Association's premises at Modi Street, under the presidentship of Mr. U. B. Narayan.

JAMBOREE SCOUT HOME, WORLI

A special lecture under the Jamboree Scout Home lecture series will be delivered by Mr. G. G. Bhosekar, Asstt. Organising Scout Commissioner, to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Institute on "Self Introspection."

HOLI MAHOTSAV

Under the auspices of Fort Arya Samaj Holi Mahotsav will be celebrated to-day (Thursday) at 9 a.m. at the Samaj Mandir under the presidentship of Dr. V. M. Kaikini, F.R.C.S. Speeches and Bhajanopadeshes will be given by learned Pandits and Bhajanopadeshaks.

RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY

A general body meeting of the members of the Radical Democratic Party, Bombay Branch, will be held to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. in the office of "Independent India."

BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY

Loudspeaker programme for to-day:—
Gujarati: 11 a.m. Records. 11-5 News. 11-20 Records. 11-25 "Hitler's Plans"—Talk. 11-30 Records. 11-35 "Italy under British Hammer strokes"—Talk
Gujarati: 4-30 p.m. Records. 4-35 "Japan Dupes China"—Talk. 4-40 Records. 4-45 News. 5 Records. 5-5 "Balkans and Russia"—Talk.
Marathi: 8 a.m. Records. 8-5 News. 8-20 Records. 8-25 "Hitler's War"—Talk. 8-30 Records. 8-35 "War in Greece"—Talk.
Marathi: 6-30 p.m. Records. 6-35 "Naval Battle"—Talk. 6-40 Records. 6-45 News. 7 Records. 7-5 "Fuehrer's Designs"—Talk.
Hindustani: 6 p.m. Records. 6-5 "Hitler's Plans"—Talk. 6-10 Records. 6-15 "Italy under British Hammer strokes"—Talk. 6-20 Records. 6-25 News. 6-40 Records. 6-45 "Axis Settlements after War"—Talk. 6-50 Records. 6-55 "Balkans and Russia"—Talk.

Ramakrishna Day Celebrations

The annual celebration of the birthday anniversary of Bhagwan Sri Ramakrishna Paramahamsa organised by Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay came to an end with a three days' programme.

The programme of celebrations opened with a public meeting at Blavatsky Hall on the 7th inst. Next day a special religious kirtan depicting the life of Sri Ramakrishna was done by Pandharpurkar Bua, Vithal Maruti Kale at the Ashram premises.

On the 9th inst. there was a very interesting programme of celebrations for the whole day. In the morning there was Vedic chanting. There was feeding of all those assembled numbering about 1,200. Members of the Society for the Protection of Children of Western India, children of the Blind School at Dadar and Worli and a large number of scavangers were specially invited and served with food. In the afternoon entertainments consisted of Yogic Asanas and physical feats, devotional Bhajans and instrumental music that lasted till 6 p.m. The public meeting was addressed by Mr. M. Sundaram, Mr. F. J. Ginwala, Mrs. Vatsala Nilkanth, Mr. Vinayak M. Mohale and Swami Nishkilanand, who dwelt at length on the life and teachings of Sri Ramakrishna.

Swami Sambuddhananda, President of the local Ashram thanked all those who contributed to the success of the celebrations.

"LIAISON AGENT BETWEEN GOVT. AND PUBLIC

Authorities Urged To Seek Co-operation Of Press

"THE BEST FORM OF CENSORSHIP IN WAR TIME IS THAT CENSORSHIP WHICH ALLOWS NEWSPAPERS TO GIVE THE SUBSTANCE OF NEWS WITHOUT GIVING THE DETAILS."

Thus observed Mr. Frank Moraes, speaking on "War and Journalism" at a meeting of the Bombay Students' Union, on Tuesday.

Mr. Moraes said that Government must seek the co-operation of the Press in war time, as the Press was the 'liaison agent' between Government and the public. There was a good deal to be said about Government using the Press for propaganda provided such propaganda did not violently conflict with the moral opinion of the community and provided it did not replace news.

During war-time censorship was obvious but much depended upon how Government exercised this power.

Dr. M. S. Patel (centre) photographed on arrival in Bombay.

INDIA SHOULD LEARN FROM CHINA'S EXAMPLE

Dr. M. S. Patel Returns From America With Plans For Starting New Industries

Bombay, Wednesday.

"India has vast possibilities for the development of industries, but there are several obstacles in the way of her industrial expansion the chief one being the unreasonable import duty on raw materials", said Dr. M. S. Patel, former Chemical Industrialist to the Government of Bombay who returned to Bombay from America to-day in an interview to a representative of this paper.

Doctor Patel who is keenly interested in the problem of promoting and establishing new industries in India resigned his lucrative Government post, when he had completed ten years service.

After making a thorough study of the industrial problem in India he proceeded to America via Europe with a view to get in touch with the latest developments in the chemical and allied industries there. He also wanted to find out what new chemical enterprises could be successfully undertaken in India in the circumstances created by the war. To do this he had to investigate whether it was possible to get the necessary equipment for setting up some of the contemplated chemical industries in Bombay.

Dr. Patel first went to Italy while on his way to America. In Italy he did considerable liaison work with the chemical industrialists there and was present at a number of conferences. He quitted Italy just before she entered the war and proceeded to the United States of America.

PATEL'S PLANS.

During his stay in America which lasted nearly a year Dr. Patel visited most of the important chemical plants and consulted several leading chemical engineers and chemical equipment manufacturing firms. As a result of his labours he has prepared detailed schemes for the production of caustic soda, chlorine, bleaching powder, sulphuric acid from waste sulphur gases, refining of used lubricating oils, manufacture of napthol dyes, formaldehyde, hydrogen peroxide and many other chemicals of both peace and wartime importance.

Dr. Patel had excellent opportunities to gather the information that he wanted both in the United States and Canada as he is a member of several institutions such as the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, the Electro Chemical Society, the American Institute of Chemical Engineers, and the American Chemical Society.

In the United States Dr. Patel represented the Bombay University at the Bi-centennial celebrations of the University of Pennsylvania at Philadelphia.

In his capacity as a representative of the Indian chemical industry Dr. Patel advised manufacturers of chemical and allied equipment in America regarding the changes that had to be effected to suit conditions in India. He also suggested ways and means to overcome the difficulties of American firms using Indian raw materials such as cashew-nut shell oil, lime oil.

IN CHINA.

In his way back to India he visited Chung-King, the capital of Nationalist China and spent considerable time with Dr. M. T. Hsu, who is in charge of the Chemical and Metallurgical Division of the National Resources Commission of Chiang Kai Shek's Government.

In Chung-King his experiences were varied. He visited several of the important industrial organisations there which included plants for the manufacture of caustic soda, chlorine, diesel oil and petrol. What interested him most in this place was the preparation of lubricating oils from rape seed and ground-nut oils.

PAPER AND GLASS FACTORIES.

Paper mills, glass factories and copper factories had been built in Chung-King within the last two years inspite of the repeated bombings of the city due to the Sino-Japanese War.

TRIBUTE TO CHINESE.

Dr. Patel said: "I was very much surprised that in nationalist China where to-day facilities for getting materials from outside are absolutely nil, they have been able to set up so many new industries within so short a period. The Chinese have utilised only indigenous materials that are available on the spot. Not only that, they have found out a way to get along without iron drums by making drums out of bamboos and lining them with a paper which is treated with China wood oil. They use bamboo pipe lines instead of iron pipe lines for transporting and transferring liquids in their factories at ordinary normal pressure."

The doctor was of the opinion that India could learn a lot from Chinese industries.

While he was in government service in Bombay Dr. Patel was responsible for preparing several industrial schemes, the most important one being the possibility of the production of aluminium.

GREAT HANDICAP.

Asked whether the response from Government was sufficiently encouraging Dr. Patel said: "The delay in obtaining Government sanction for the use of land and the granting of prospecting and mining licenses, retard the development of industries considerably".

"In industrially advanced countries like America and England there is no import duty on basic raw materials or semi manufactured goods. But in India there are several instances where the important duty on raw materials is two or three times higher than on the finished products".

"Import duty on equipments and machinery as well as import duty on scientific testing and control instruments is a great handicap for the Indian research worker and industrialist", concluded Dr. Patel.

Miss Shantabai Godbole, student of Mrs. Shardabai Bhate Harmonium School, Bombay, who won the first prize for her performance on the violin in the Competition under the auspices of the Bharat Gayan Samaj, Poona.

Editors' Conference Chief To Meet City Journalists

Under the auspices of the Journalists' Association of India Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor of the "The Hindu" and President of the All-India Editors' Conference, will meet city journalists at the Association premises in the Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road, at 6-30 p.m. today (Thursday).

MR. SRINIVASAN IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor of the "Hindu" of Madras arrived in Bombay this afternoon from Wardha. He will attend the Conference of non-party leaders as a visitor.

SATURDAY, 15TH MARCH 1941.
TEACHERS' DAY
9-30 A.M.
CINEMA FILM—"Life Begins at College". At the New West End Theatre, Lamington Road, Bombay.
2-30 to 5-30 P.M.
ATHLETIC SPORTS—Elphinstone High School, Bombay. Lt.-Col S. L. Bhatia, I.M.S. — President.
8-00 P.M.
TEACHERS' DAY DINNER (Vegetarian and Non-Vegetarian) for members of the S. T. Association at Rs. 1-8-0 and Rs. 2 respectively.
For outsiders and non-members of the Association Rs. 3—for both types of dinners.
Tickets to be had from School Representatives or from MRS. AARON of the Antonio De Souza High School, Byculla. ('Phone No. 86406).

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Radha torn between man and God had to decide this question.
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RADHIKA
Directed by VIRENDRA DESAI
Starring:
NALINI JAYWANT, HARISH, JYOTI, KANHAILAL and others.
Art Conception: KANU DESAI. Music: ASHOK GHOSH
2nd WEEK
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
MATINEE TO-DAY at 1 p.m.
PATHE

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SHANTA HUBLIKAR
SHINES OUT GLORIOUSLY IN—
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Prabhat

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1941

DO IT NOW

The cut motion in the Punjab Legislative Assembly to censure the Government for failure to bring about communal harmony in the province was not the best method of promoting harmony in the future. For various forces within and without the local Government have been responsible for the present lack of harmony. The communal problem, therefore, can be solved satisfactorily only if the leaders of the various communities concerned devote themselves whole-heartedly to this task. If this can be separately done for the Punjab, even that will be a great gain as it will facilitate the solution of the communal problem for the whole of India. But it is best to tackle the whole question immediately as we see from almost daily experience that communal tension in any province affects the whole country. Things in Bengal have been, for some days past, very disquieting. The Governor of Bengal has called a conference of party leaders to improve communal relations. It is best for the leaders to manage the thing themselves without any external intervention.

Problem Of Defence

In his speech opposing the censure motion the Punjab Premier seemed to regard the scheme of partitioning India into independent provinces or zones as the best solution of the communal problem, provided a satisfactory co-ordinating central authority was devised by the independent units to administer common subjects like defence, customs, currency, etc. But he has very hazy ideas of the nature of the Central Government, though the merits of any scheme of autonomous provinces or zones must largely depend on the nature of the Central Government. He pertinently asks who is going to take responsibility in the North-West Frontier Province for the defence of the country or find 40 crores of rupees for 62 per cent of the Punjabi soldiers in the Indian Army? Naturally the whole of India will have to share in the Defence and in financing it without putting an unduly heavy burden on the Punjab or any other province. Else the defence will not be strong enough to safeguard the interests of the whole country. Nor will it be strong enough if the provinces or the units in the Federation are free, as the Punjab Premier wants them to be, to secede whenever they choose.

Division Of Powers

Whatever the partitionists may say now about their pet schemes, once they seriously consider the administration of common subjects like defence,—a thing which they have not so far done, they will realise the need for a strong Central Government, the federal units enjoying the largest measure of autonomy consistent with the interests of the country as a whole. In other words, it is largely a question of division of powers between the Provincial Governments and the Federal Government, and various schemes of division are being suggested. At one end we have a scheme like that of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah, who would give maximum powers to a Unitary Central Government, practically converting the Provincial Governments into mere agents of the former. At the other end are the partition schemes in which the Central Government is at the mercy of Provincial Governments, a sort of a loosely organized League of Indian Nations. The trend of informed public opinion is clearly in favour of a golden mean like the one we have suggested, wherein the provinces will have the largest measure of autonomy compatible with the interests of the country as a whole. It is not possible in this article to be more specific or definite. But we would earnestly suggest that the more important details of this question particularly those bearing on the communal problem, should be seriously considered by the leaders of parties and communities without any further delay. Some useful suggestions on this topic have just been made by Mr. C. R. Reddy, Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University, and we shall consider them when we get fuller details of his scheme. What we would emphasize here most is the urgent need for the formulation of some acceptable scheme. Diffident minorities or diffident sections of minorities need to be promptly reassured that their interests are being fully safeguarded in the Swaraj scheme contemplated by the majority party or community.

China's Country-Side Under Japan

(FROM NOFRONTIER NEWS SERVICE)

Escaping the military censorship, the following dispatch has reached the Nofrontier News Service from a correspondent known to it as reliable and experienced as an observer of Far Eastern affairs.

PEIPING.—Although Japanese occupation affects city life in a thousand ways, the countryside is a different story. Changes throughout North China outside the cities there have been, of course. But the Japanese control is amazingly tenuous, and is now actually shrinking. This applies to the "occupied" territory lining the railways. The farmers here have had their land fought over, and their crops and markets manipulated. But the changes affected by the Japanese and the New-People Party (Hsin Min Hui) in an attempt to regiment their lives do not seem to have got below the surface.

The Guerillas (or Eighth Route Army, or Communists) hold about two-thirds of Hopei Province. Recently they have pushed into three important counties, their advance carrying them right up to the north-east of Peiping. Reports vary about these forces, many being unfavourable. It is a question of whether they are really resisting the Japanese with full strength, or whether they are marking time, consolidating their position for future Communist control. From the region of Paoting and from Shansi Province come ugly stories of their holding back Central Government forces, and shooting its agents. Regarding the good Communist organization and benefits to the country people, there are nothing like the rosy reports that were coming in two years ago. Since that time, however, the intelligent and educated part of the population has fled, and it is among the reckless bullies who remain that Communist cells have to be organized. The "bandit fringe" has brought disaster to many a Chinese party and army in the past. Undoubtedly the main problem is in Chungking, where Chiang Kai Shek by the force of his character and will holds the parties together. But what will happen later on?

★

Reports of the Guerillas in regions near Peiping are good. They are living off the people, but working with them and sharing their hardships, while meeting out not unduly severe justice. It appears that truce arrangements with the Government forces have been made and kept. Grapevine reports, so frequent as to be convincing, say that many thousands of Central Government troops have come back into this province within the last four months. There have been no major engagements, but plenty of minor ones. Railroad breaks constantly occur, although the Japanese don't like to report them, preferring to ignore the enemy. But their hospital trains come and go, and we see big lighters going down the river with hundreds of bandaged soldiers, slightly wounded, on their way home. Meanwhile a huge hospital is being constructed at Peitaiho (a shore resort near the Manchurian border), apparently for the permanent care of the seriously wounded.

A glance at one of the "model towns" controlled by the "New People Party" shows vividly what life is like in the Japanese-occupied rural regions in the country between Peiping and Tientsin. Numerous constructive changes are going on. Schools are being centralized, although this is as yet not very helpful to the more outlying villages. Gates have been out through the old city walls, built to keep out all "Devils." Many new, straight roads are being built—of dirt, not stone, and the farmers are complaining, with justice, that they are receiving no compensation for their land taken over for roads. All those who can work must give long hours of labour on these projects. Compulsory youth training has also been established, consisting mostly of military drill without arms. Of course there is a great deal of grumbling about all this; yet in many respects the undertakings are not all inconsistent with Chinese ways of life.

Amazing is the fewness of the Japanese. Certainly there are not more than half the number that were here four months ago. In this country there are only about 60, including those stationed in the market town. They go about very little, even in the daytime.

The railroad through here is "defended" by villagers in mud huts placed at close intervals along the line. At the bridges there are stronger forts, often with Japanese troops in charge. The villagers get no pay, unless from community funds, but they are compelled to give raid warnings to the Japanese. Their dilemma is obvious. Shall they report promptly, or tardily? In either case they are sure of getting into trouble from the Japanese or Chinese side. In the county next west, half the territory is held by Chinese guerillas. They can move across this supposedly "model" county any time they want to, and they do. Not long ago they destroyed a bridge and wrecked a munitions train.

★

Some light is thrown on warfare under such conditions by the answer given by a local Chinese to the question. "Why wouldn't it be perfectly easy to drive the Japanese out of this region entirely?" "Of course it would be easy", he replied. "Then why don't they do it?" "They are waiting for an order from Top Side—from Chungking." A local revolt would, of course, only bring harsh reprisals from Tientsin But some day the order from "Top Side" may come. What then? Nobody can prophesy

Increasing tension between Washington and Tokyo brings increasing silence and discretion in the Japanese press. The Japanese have a lot on their hands, and they know it.

The Japanese people, like most of the world, have their grafters and their profiteers. Chinese rascals can be had for the hire too. At the same time, though, there are solid, respectable Japanese officers, civil and military, who would like to see a square game. But the Japanese enterprise here is poorly organized and fragmentary, and at this time its control is thin and less far-reaching. From here it seems unlikely that Japan will risk taking on America, considering the difficulties she is encountering against China alone.

Hitler's Big Offensive

Herr Hitler has started doing his utmost to implement the threat he gave in his last outburst. And not without success either. Shipping losses were certainly anticipated. But the destruction by his U-boats and Luftwaffe of no less than 150,000 tons of shipping in the week before last is beyond expectation. The menace is serious, indeed, for at this rate Britain may lose anything up to a million precious tons in a couple of months. The prospect, however, is not so dark as all that because the British have not been caught unawares and doubtless are going to succeed in reducing this rate of destruction soon. And simultaneously with improving methods of effectively fighting the menace on sea and in the air they have launched a shipbuilding drive on an unprecedented scale. British effforts alone, however, can at least slow down the speed, they cannot effectively stave off the grave crisis that threatens their shipping and, indeed, their very existence American assistance is necessary.

And, in the language of an inspiring slogan of the British Navy, "America is here." The United States has responded to the call of Britain in a dramatic manner and at a dramatic moment. The dollar value of the aid that President Roosevelt plans under the new Act to give to Britain is literally staggering. Seven billion is a figure which will leave no one in the world in any doubt that America means grim business and that Britain will not suffer for want of "tools" which Mr. Churchill recently asked for to "finish the job". It is this sensational display of American determination which renders it a natural postulate that assistance will be given to enable the successful transportation also of the tools. Britain's most urgent and immediate needs are more merchant ships to stave off a grave crisis and more convoy vessels for protecting her shipping. Sooner than later President Roosevelt will somehow find means to transfer an appreciable number of merchantships. As to convoy vessels, the suggestion that he will make over no less than 75 destroyers is, in our opinion, a ridiculous exaggeration. American Naval Chief and even Colonel Knox himself were opposed to the transfer of destroyers. But the fury of the Nazi offensive is a challenge to the whole aid programme and America is sure to take it up. We, therefore, believe that in addition to an effective fleet of mosquito boats, President Roosevelt will also lend Britain a good proportion of his old age destroyers.

Late Justice Suleman

The death of Justice Sir Shah Mahomed Suleman at a comparative early age will be deeply mourned throughout the country. Justice Suleman was a brilliant lawyer, an erudite scholar and a great gentleman. He was, in fact, one of the finest products of modern Indian culture. His rise in the legal profession and on the judicial bench—he was among the youngest Chief Judges of High Courts—was phenomenal. His appointment as one of the judges of the Federal Court of India was a fitting climax of a successful judicial career. But his main interest lay in education and scholarship. The acuteness of his intellect found scope in his researches into the theory of relativity. For some years before his death he devoted himself assiduously to his duties as Vice-Chancellor of the Aligarh University and in that capacity rendered invaluable service to that seat of learning. His sudden death deprives the country of the services of an accomplished leader whom it could ill spare.

Sir Sikandar On Pakistan

LAHORE, March 11.

An exposition of his scheme for a future constitution of India was given by Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan in the Punjab Assembly this afternoon speaking during the debate on a cut motion censuring Government for failure to bring about communal harmony in the province.

Sir Sikandar said that his scheme visualised complete autonomy for units and the establishment of a centre to co-ordinate the work of various units, especially for defence, customs and currency.

Defining his attitude towards Pakistan Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan said that a number of Pakistan schemes had been drafted by various persons beginning with Jamaluddin Afghani, and he wondered if the critics realised which scheme they had in mind. There were Muslims who did not believe in the scheme of Jamaluddin Afghani; Mr. Jinnah himself did not believe in extra-territorialism, he stood by the Lahore Resolution. Confusion was due to the fact that a scheme which should be considered on merits was being exploited because of the word Pakistan. It was the greatest mistake to use that name as it was likely to make confusion worse confounded. He was not worried about the words, it was the substance that mattered.

* * * *

As regards the Lahore Resolution, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan admitted having drafted the original resolution but he said there was a difference between his resolution and the one adopted by the League. The latter part of his original draft relating to a centre for co-ordination of units had altogether disappeared. Therefore the resolution as passed could not be called his resolution.

Explaining how a constitution should be set up Sir Sikandar said that he believed that every unit should have complete freedom and it was fortunate that the population of India was so divided that there were Muslim majorities in certain provinces and Hindu majorities in others. It would give the fullest opportunity to every community within its own sphere to rule as majority, with the help of the minority. Neither community should seek to thwart and dominate the other.

Proceeding Sir Sikandar said: Let Muslims accept the Hindu Majority in seven or eight provinces and the Hindus accept Muslim majority in four provinces. Once they decided to look at it from the All-India point of view all difficulties and clouds would disappear and sunshine would appear.

Let them have, he added, full autonomy in the units and let the units then devise a control agency to administer common subjects. They could call it a Government or a co-ordinating committee whatever name they liked. They would come to the conclusion that a centre agreed upon by units of their free will would be stronger than if two-thirds of India were fighting against it.

The Premier claimed that by his suggestion they would get not only independence for the provinces but it would also add solidarity and strength to India as a whole. Once they gave up the idea of dominating or interfering from the centre the problem could be simple. Muslims must be assured that there would be no dominating centre. He, therefore, suggested that they could have not a rigid centre but an elastic centre which they could demolish. Such a centre should have power to administer subjects like, customs, defence, currency, etc. If after some years they found that it was not working satisfactorily they could then cut adrift but not without making a serious effort to work it.

* * * *

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan then discussed the question of defence vis-a-vis the partition of India. He asked who was going to take responsibility in the North West Frontier Province for the defence of the country or find 40 crores of rupees for 62 per cent. of the Punjabi soldiers in the Indian Army. If they had independence without settling this question that independence would not last a day and such a freedom would not be worth the name.

Sir Sikandar continuing said that slogans and catchwords were easy to rouse the masses. But if they wanted freedom they could not get it by raising slogans or catchwords. They should sit together and consider calmly what they wanted. If they only continued to raise slogans for exploiting communal passions it might end in bloodshed.

Referring to the Punjab, the Premier said that if Pakistan meant that there would be pure Muslim Raj in the Punjab he would have nothing to do with it. What he visualised was a free Punjab in which all communities would share self-Government.

The Premier then referred to the Sikhs in the Punjab and said that if they wanted to be in a dominating centre they would be doing themselves injustice as they were only one per cent. in the whole of India. He said that the choice before the Sikhs was to rule as holders of twenty per cent. in the Punjab or of one per cent. in a dominating centre. The Sikhs could make the latter choice only if they wanted to be the cat's paw of somebody else or if they wanted to merge themselves in the majority community. Either course would be unfair to themselves and to Muslims.

Frankly Speaking

Thai-French Settlement

The Thai-French dispute has ended at last. There was a good deal of justice in Thai claims upon French Indo-China. But the terms of settlement and the balance of loss and gain as between Thailand and French Indo-China are, in the present circumstances, unimportant points compared with the international implications of the settlement. It is noteworthy that Admiral Decoux has openly stated that French Indo-China has yielded under duress. Vichy, that is to say, was unable and unwilling to resist in spite of the latest announcement of its determination to protect the French Empire. That means that Japan can still further encroach upon Indo-Chinese territorial integrity as she pleases. Secondly, although Japanese plans are not yet known, her mediation has opened the way to the extension of her hegemony over both Indo-China and Thailand. This development was, of course, anticipated. But whether Japan will definitely challenge Britain and America remains to be seen.

Greeks Press On

The fact that, in spite of the impending Nazi Blitzkrieg against them, the Greeks are determinedly pressing upon Valona, their next objective in Albania, is a fine index of their gallantry and high morale. During the last two days some of the main Italian strongholds in the central sector of the front have been captured by the Greeks and it may be hoped, therefore, that they will occupy Valona and close the present phase of war before the Germans invade their territory and open a new front in the north. The latest figures put the Italian casualties in Albania at 130,000 which is a staggering figure indeed, considering that the Duce has been sending his picked Black-shirt and Regular regiments to Albania during the last two months. The reports that some of the Black-shirts have been firing on their own retreating comrades may or may not be true but they at any rate show to what sorry pass the Fascist legions are reduced.

Sir C. V. Raman

The honour done to Sir C. V. Raman by the Franklyn Institute of America is an honour to India as well. And its importance may be gauged from the fact that the Franklyn Medal conferred upon him is the highest honour the Institute can bestow and has in recent years been awarded only to scientists like Einstein and Millican, men of international reputation. Sir C. V. Raman's researches in Physics are already world famous and we believe he is capable of making more contributions to science if he is given all the facilities for research he may need. We earnestly hope his work will not suffer for lack of such facilities.

More Favouritism

The debate in the Council of State on Mr. V. V. Kalikar's resolution asking Government to withdraw their orders restricting the number of candidates appearing for the I.C.S. examination in India and fixing the provincial quotas shows that there is little public support for the new scheme. That scheme is clearly calculated to increase favouritism, individual and provincial. Justifying a quota of 22 for Bombay and of 48 for the Punjab, the Home Secretary stated that the quotas were all fixed on the basis of population of a Province, its graduate population and the actual number of candidates who had appeared for the Indian Civil Service Examination in the past. Government ought to publish the relevant figures for all the provinces so that the people may judge for themselves the accuracy of the Secretary's statement. Government have agreed to review the whole situation again after an experiment for one year But we fear that at the end of the year they will plead that one year is too brief a period to judge an experiment. And two or three years later vested interests will naturally put up a fight for themselves.

Relief For Motorists

A matter of considerable relief to motorists, who are accused of exceeding the speed limit is the decision of the Honorary Magistrate, Mr. A. R. Taher, at Mazagaon that the speedometer of a police cyclist was not definite proof that the motorist had exceeded the speed limit. We appreciate the relief Mr. Taher gives to the motorist thereby and at the same time submit that if this view were upheld no one can be held up for speeding at all. The Honorary Magistrate makes a curious statement to the effect that "the speedometer of the police cyclist will only tell the speed of his own car and nothing about the speed of the car ahead!" It would appear as if the only thing now left to an enthusiastic speed-cop is to jump on the board of the car, alleged to be breaking the speed limit (with two witnesses who will likewise have to jump) and ascertain from the speedometer of the speed-breaking car, what speed it is travelling. Mr. Taher is putting the police to the test!

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Different schemes of direct action and the issues on which they should be started were discussed. The reports of the work done by the different Provincial Hindu Mahasabhas were reviewed and the Central Council of Action was satisfied with the progress so far made."

—Communique issued by the All-India Hindu Mahasabha "Council of Action."

* * * *

"Nonsense" is how Sir Md. Zafrullah describes Sardar Sant Singh's rather sensational allegation against the Lahore Chief Justice.

It ought to be nonsense. But the question is: Is it?

* * * *

Referring in the Punjab Assembly to Pakistan, Sir Sikandar Hayat declared that "it was a great mistake to exploit that catchword and thus widen the breach between the two major communities."

Good. But we do hope for the sake of Sir Sikandar that the Qaid-e-Azam's attention is not drawn to this remark.

* * * *

General Weygand has returned to North Africa, says a Vichy report.

It is, however, not yet revealed whether to watch the Armistice Commission "personnel" or to look after them.

* * * *

Anyway, on his return to Algiers, General Weygand, says a Berlin report, "announced that unity between France and North Africa would shortly be strengthened by the appointment of some outstanding Muslims to the French National Council."

We congratulate North African Muslims on being generously given Minto-Morley reforms.

* * * *

Tokyo has formally announced that M. Matsuoka is visiting "Germany and Italy."

Is the omission of Russia a sad inevitability?

* * * *

The Chinese Parliament has passed a resolution expressing gratitude for the help rendered to China by America, Britain and Russia.

That provides Russia with two reasons to reject the offer of gratitude.

* * * *

The British Ambassador, Sir Stafford Cripps, had a meeting with the Deputy Foreign Commissar at Moscow on Tuesday last.

The talks, needless to say, must surely have been conducted in a spirit of complete mutual understanding of the different positions of Britain and Russia.

* * * *

Yugoslavia, suggests a Belgrade report, would not sign the Tripartite Pact even if directly asked to do so

The Germans would then ask Yugoslavia to ask them to be allowed to sign the Pact.

* * * *

British submarines have sunk an Italian cruiser and a troop transport, announces the Admiralty.

This we regard as both brutal and indecent.

If Duce should have been allowed at least a little time to mourn the loss in Albania of his three fascist colleagues undisturbed.

* * * *

Nor are the Abyssinian patriots—they ought to be called renegade rebels really—less inhuman.

They have now robbed Il Duce of Dambacha, too.

And the South Africans have similarly responded to his g-r-r-r-s by taking Gabredarre.

* * * *

"I want a pair of shoes for my wife."

"Yes sir. What size?"

"It doesn't matter."

"Well, what colour would you like."

"It doesn't matter either. She's sure to change them."

YUGOSLAV'S FIRM STAND:

Neither Army Nor People To Tolerate Loss Of Integrity

Intense Diplomatic Activity Reported In Belgrade

BERLIN, March 12.

THE GERMAN MINISTER TO YUGOSLAVIA, VON HEEREN, HAD A LONG INTERVIEW WITH THE YUGOSLAV FOREIGN MINISTER, M. CINCARMARCOVITCH, TO-DAY, SAYS A BELGRADE MESSAGE TO THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY.

A Belgrade message says:

Diplomatic activity in Belgrade is becoming increasingly intense as more and more emphatic confirmation is received from every side that neither the people nor the army of Yugoslavia would tolerate any loss of integrity to Germany.

No German newspapers have been on sale here either yesterday or to-day (Tuesday) thus supporting the suggestions that the German press is now attacking Yugoslavia. Normally German newspapers were flown to Belgrade daily.

The view that Germany is demanding Yugoslavia's signature to the Tripartite Pact and nothing less is gaining ground, but a large body of responsible opinion expects at the most the signature of some less compromising pact of friendship or non-aggression later this week.

Official circles deny that the Crown Council will be convened to-morrow, but conviction is growing among the people that Government must hold firm.

Official circles deny that the Yugoslav Crown Council is being held to-day.—Reuter.

Sir Stafford Meets Deputy Foreign Commissar

MOSCOW, March 12.

Sir Stafford Cripps met the Soviet Deputy Commissar for Foreign Affairs.—Reuter.

THAILAND AND SOVIET

MOSCOW, March 12.

The Thailand Minister to Berlin called on M. Molotov to-day and exchanged notes establishing diplomatic relations between Thailand and the Soviet.

M. Molotov later gave a luncheon in the Thailand Minister's honour.—Reuter.

THAILAND-INDO-CHINA AWARD

TOKYO, March 12

Thailand and French Indo-China have assured Japan that they will not enter into any undertaking envisaging political, economic or military co-operation likely to lead to antagonism between Japan and a third power.

This assurance, says the Domei Agency, is contained in notes in reply to a note from Mr. Matsuoka the Foreign Minister, exchanged at the initialling of the Thai-Indo-China dispute award.

Mr. Matsuoka said that the settlement reached was not amenable to alteration.—Reuter.

War Burdens In S. Africa

40 P. C. Of 72 Million Sterling To Be Recovered From Revenues

CAPETOWN, March 12.

The war will cost South Africa 72 million sterling in 1941-42 said Dr. Hofmeyer, Minister of Finance, introducing the budget in the House of Assembly to-day. This compares with sixty million in 1940-41. Of the 72 million, 40 per cent will come from revenue and the remainder from loan.

Dr. Hofmeyer said that the trade position was very healthy and imports for 1940 at 105 million sterling were the highest figure on record, the increase being principally due to higher prices of imported goods.

Exports in 1940 excluding gold were 37 million sterling, 6 million above those in 1939. The flourishing economic situation, was due, Dr. Hofmeyer said, to largely temporary war circumstances.

INCREASED DUTIES.

Faced with a deficit of eight and a half millions Mr. Hofmeyer announced increases in the Customs and Excise duties on petrol, beer and cigarettes and the imposition of a sales tax on new motorcars. The normal tax on goldmines has not been increased but the special contribution scale increases from 11 to 16 per cent.

Dr. Hofmeyer announced a tightening up of the Income Tax laws yielding 700,000 sterling, an increase in the companies' tax yielding 625,000 and an increase in the Diamond-Mining Companies Tax yielding 10,000.—Reuter.

PRINCES' DEPUTATION FOR DELHI?

States Asked To Give Details Of Claims?

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, March 12.

A Kathiawad Princes' deputation, it is understood, will shortly wait upon the Political Department at Delhi, under the Leadership of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, consisting of representatives one from each State, which is believed to have failed in aquiring territories according the Shuttock Special Officer's report. States have been asked to provide details of their claims to Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi.

Dehlavi To Plead Kathiawar States' Case

(From A Correspondent).

RAJKOT, March 12.

It is understood that Sir Alli Mohamed Dehlavi M.L.A., has been engaged by several big States of Kathiawar to prepare their case in regard to the claim of these States that Baroda State has been allowed to encroach on their inherent rights by claiming agency-governed as well as non-jurisdictional talukadari areas in contemplated scheme of transference of these lands by Government.

It is revealed that the Jamsaheb suggested the move of putting up the claim as above at meeting of Kathiawar Princes held at Limbdi last month. Very shortly a representation will be submitted to the Government

JAMSAHEB FOR DELHI.

RAJKOT, March 12.

His Highness the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes, left for Delhi 'via' Ahmedabad, to attend the meeting of the Chamber.—A. P.

Hydari For Delhi

NEW DELHI, March 12

Sir Akbar Hydari, President of the Executive Council, Hyderabad State, is expected to arrive in Delhi tomorrow.

It is understood that Sir Akbar will preside over three special committees appointed by the States Ministers' Committee, one, to deal with the question of propaganda so far as it affects States; two o examine the question of the application of the Indian Income-Tax Act to States, and three, to examine certain matters relating to accounts and treaties of States printed in the Acheson Volumes of Treaties.

The session of the Chamber of Princes beginning on March 17 is expected to be attended by about 50 Ruling Princes and Chiefs.—A. P.

'QUAKE SHOCK AT PESHAWAR

PESHAWAR, March 12

An earthquake shock of considerable intensity was felt in Peshawar in the early hours of this morning. The shock lasted for 30 seconds and was accompanied with a peculiar rumbling sound.—United Press.

Non-Congress Leaders Meet

"VIZZY'S" BROAD HINT TO CONFERENCE

Press For Acceptance Of Poona Offer

(From A Correspondent).

BENARES, March 12.

Interviewed regarding the forthcoming conference of leaders at Bombay, Maharajkumar Sir Vijaya of Vizianagram said:

"My opinion as to what the leaders who meet at the Bombay Conference ought to do is that they should impress upon the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India that they had made a colossal blunder in not accepting the Poona offer and that if the British authorities are disposed even now to form a National Government responsible to the Legislature for the duration of the war and at the same time give an unequivocal assurance that India will be granted the right of self-determination immediately after the war, they are prepared to approach the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi to reconsider the Bombay decision and incidentally re-open the Poona offer. But if the Bombay Conference were to content itself merely by passing resolutions for appointment to the Viceroy's Expanded Council of those who are not responsible to the Legislature it will serve no useful purpose, for it will get India nowhere. These Councillors will be in Office merely on the sufferance of the Viceroy and will be absolutely powerless to do any good to the country. Even if the Defence portfolio is given to an Indian it will be no good as the councillor in charge will also be on the sufferance of the Viceroy.

The same thing can be said in regard to the appointment of non-official advisers to Governors in the Congress Provinces.

The greatest good that the Bombay Conference can do is to ask Britain unequivocally to drop her age-long excuse that India is not of one mind and that this prevents her from doing her duty. The Conference should impress upon Britain that she should do the right thing and not indulge in window-dressing and platitudes which certainly have long lost their novelty."

To-day's Informal Session At Taj

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Sir Nripendranath Sircar, Sir Jogendrasing, Pandit Hridayanath Kunzru and Mr. B. Shivarao, invitees to the Conference of non-party leaders which is to commence in Bombay at 12 noon on Thursday, arrived in the city this morning.

Sir Sultan Chinoy and Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola have accepted the invitation of the conveners to attend the Conference.

Sir Jagdish Prasad, the principal sponsor of the Conference had informal talks to-day with some of the invitees who are already in Bombay.

The discussions which are to commence at the Taj Mahal Hotel at 12 noon on Thursday will be of an informal nature and will not be open to the press. The discussions on Friday which are to commence at 11 a.m. will be open to the press.

TASK FOR BOMBAY CONFERENCE

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, March 12.

Congress attitude towards the non-Congress Leaders' Conference in Bombay was reflected in the observation made to press correspondents by Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, Speaker of the U. P. Assembly. Babu Tandon said: 'We told them if they can carry on non-Congress Governments they may have them. Congress will not stand in their way, but we should not be dragged in it."

The question which the Bombay Conference under the leadership of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru has, therefore, to face is whether they can persuade the Viceroy to establish purely non-Congress Governments at the centre and in the Provinces. In the Provinces at any rate there is no possibility of establishing non-Congress Governments.

Even Mr. M. N. Roy with all his enthusiasm for Coalition Cabinets has learnt this lesson by now.

ITALIAN TROOP TRANSPORT SUNK

LONDON, March 11.

A heavily laden Italian troop transport was torpedoed and sunk by a British submarine.

The information was issued in an official Admiralty communique, which adds that in reporting this success the Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean Fleet, states " that the transport was of the Sicilia class of 9,646 tons.—Reuter.

Mussolini's Prize Boys Mown Down

Black Shirt Battalions Wiped Out In Central Albania: R. A. F. Strike At Italian Air Force

ATHENS, March 12.

Italian black shirt youths whom Sgr. Mussolini used to glorify have been flung without proper training into the fighting in Central Albania and mercilessly mown down. A Greek Major stated that the sight of these youths being led to such butchery revolted him.

The youths who recently arrived at the Front showed their lack of training by the way they ran into cross fire of machine-guns only to be decimated. One hollow sixty feet deep and fifteen hundred feet wide was covered with their bodies.

Fighting in the Central Sector in Albania continues to be marked by suicidal Italian counter-attacks and the capture of large batches of war-weary prisoners. Italian Black Shirts Battalions counter-attacking to regain vital lost heights found themselves between a murderous Greek fire and their own artillery barrage were unable to retreat and were wiped out.

Among the latest prisoners captured were twenty officers, including a Naples University Professor who confirmed that the Minister of Education, Bottai, was mortally wounded when fighting beside him.

R.A.F. fighters shot down five enemy fighters in the Central Sector of the Albanian Front on Tuesday and most severely damaged several others, according to to-day's Communique from the British Headquarters in Greece. Successes were obtained when fighters intercepted a large formation of enemy fighters. There were no British losses from this or other action, when British bombers attacked Italian troops and motor transport on a road north of Tepelini.—Reuter.

SOFIA SURPRISE FOR BRITISH LEGATION

Continued from Page 1.)

that German troops were moving south.

RENDEL NARROWLY ESCAPES DEATH

The British Minister in Sofia Mr. George Rendel narrowly escaped death when a bomb exploded in his hotel in Istanbul shortly after the arrival of Mr. Rendel and his party, according to the "New York Times" Istanbul message. The infernal machine exploded when Mr. Rendel's party of 67 registering their names in the lobby. Twenty-three were killed or injured. Mr. Rendel himself was in his room unpacking at the time. The seven British injured included two diplomats from the British Legation in Sofia, and two attaches from the British Embassy in Turkey. It is believed that the bomb was contained in one of the suit cases belonging to Mr. Rendel's party and that it may have been placed among the other suit cases during the examination of the baggage on the Bulgarian side of the frontier.

But it is not yet definitely established whether this was the case or whether the attempt was the work of Istanbul terrorists.

The explosion blew out the entire ground floor of the hotel littering the street with fragments of plate glass and broken trunks. All the personnel of the hotel were immediately arrested and guests evacuated from the hotel.

CASUALTIES

The names of the British injured are given as Mr. George Paton, Consul General in Istanbul, Mr. C. H. Page, Vice-Consul at Istanbul, Rev. Bell, pastor of the English Church at Istanbul, Mr. James Lambert, first Secretary of the Legation at Sofia, Mr. H. A. Burman, Consul-General in Sofia, Miss Nora Stern, stenographer from the Sofia Legation and Miss Gertrude Ellis from Sofia.

The message adds that a cordon of police has been thrown round district and the police are now thoroughly searching the premises. Other messages received in New York State that six Turks were killed. The "New York Times" correspondent says that the explosion was "Admirably timed to inflict the maximum harm to innocent persons. If, as seems possible, the bomb was placed in the luggage in Bulgaria, it was doubtless intended to explode at such time as would lead to the belief by the British that the Turks were responsible."

CYNICAL IMPERTINENCE

News has been received, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent, of the humiliating and cynical treatment of Polish, Belgian and Dutch representatives by the Bulgarian authorities. When the German occupation of Bulgaria became a "fait accompli," the Ministers of these countries requested for the usual diplomatic facilities in order to leave Sofia.

They were, however, informed that the Bulgarian Government had long since ceased to recognise them as accredited representatives of their respective countries, but only as exiles and refugees. The Dutch and Polish Ministers were further told that the Bulgarian Government were prepared to make every effort to facilitate their movements, if they wished to return to Holland and Poland.

It is felt in authoritative circles that it would be hard to find a parallel for such cynical impertinence in the treatment of properly accredited diplomats. It was owing to this attitude of the Bulgarian authorities that Mr. Rendel delayed his departure, until his three colleagues and their staffs were safely across the frontier.—Reuter.

ROME DENIES IT!

ROME, March 12.

An official denial that Bottai, the Fascist Minister of Education and Cianetti, Under-Secretary for Corporations, were killed in the recent fighting in Albania is given here to-day.

It appears, says the official statement, that both the Ministers are in excellent health and that a Major named Bottai who had no connection with the Minister has been made prisoner by the Greeks.—Reuter.

ADVANCE IN ABYSSINIA

Occupation Of Daghabur: Italian Forces Show No Resistance

CAIRO, March 12

The Imperial troops continuing their advance in Abyssinia occupied Daghabur 600 miles north of Mogadishu on Monday.

The Italian losses since the British crossing of the Juba River are now estimated at over 31,000.

Announcing these latest successes a British G.H.Q. Communique says that in other sectors the Imperial troops are continuing the pursuit of the Italian forces retreating towards the Abyssinian frontier. Operations by the Imperial and Patriot forces in Abyssinia are successfully developing in all areas.

There is no change in the situation in Libya and Eritrea.

With the occupation of Daghabur Imperial forces are now 300 miles inside Abyssinia.

ITALIANS SHOW NO RESISTANCE

All round Abyssinia British and Abyssinian Patriot troops are steadily beating back the Italians. The Italians fleeing from Gury6 to Debra Marcos have not attempted to defend the crossing of the Temsha River where a stand was expected

In western Abyssinia the British are making a double thrust along dusty camel tracks and through high elephant grass towards Asosa where a strong garrison is still holding out.

Sudanese and East-African troops captured the Afodu escarpment laying the way open to Asosa after ambushing Italians and capturing four guns and much equipment.

CAPRONI BOMBER SHOT DOWN

The South-African Air Force machinegunned an Italian Caproni bomber, which appeared to be bogged on Jigjiga aerodrome in Abyssinia on March 8, says an R.A.F. Communique issued in Nairobi.

An Italian motor transport on the road between Jigjiga and Harar, an enemy camp in the locality, were bombed.—Reuter.

Jamaica's New Constitution

Based On Universal Suffrage Announcement In Commons

LONDON, March 12

A new constitution for Jamaica based on universal suffrage was announced by the Under-Secretary Mr. George Hall in the House of Commons.

The preliminary stages will be a census and reorganisation of the local Government and in the meantime official representation in the Legislative Council will be confined to the Colonial Secretary, the Treasurer and the Attorney-General.

The resulting vacancies will be filled by nomination in which care will be taken to ensure that all important sections and interests of the community are adequately represented.—Reuter.

Educational Cess For Sind?

KARACHI, March 12.

That the Sind Government was considering a proposal to impose an Educational Cess for the purpose of introducing universal compulsory Primary education was disclosed by Pir Elahi Bux, Education Minister, in replying to a debate on a cut motion in the Sind Assembly to-day.

He assured the House that the recommendations of the Educational Reorganisation Committee would be implemented by the Government as far as possible and these included the introduction of physical education in the curriculum. The Education Minister also announced the cancellation of the orders of the previous Ministry withholding grants to Gujerati and Marathi schools which had caused a controversy in the Province.

The Assembly granted all the Budget demands after a four days' debate on 51 cut motions which were either rejected or withdrawn. —A. P.

R.A.F. Direct Heavy Attack On Enemy Shipping At Tripoli

CAIRO, March 12.

HEAVY BOMBING RAIDS ON HARBOUR BUILDINGS AND SHIPPING AT TRIPOLI ARE REPORTED IN A COMMUNIQUE FROM R.A.F. HEADQUARTERS IN THE MIDDLE EAST.

A LARGE FIRE ON THE JETTY, IT STATES, WAS FOLLOWED BY LOUD EXPLOSIONS.

Other aircraft raided an enemy aerodrome in Tripolitania. Here two enemy aircraft were destroyed on the ground as a result of bombing while others were seen to be thrown about and damaged.

All R.A.F. aircraft returned safely.

R. A. F. Swoop On Axis Bases

Kiel Docks And Aerodromes In Dodecanese Bombed: Raids On Britain

LONDON, March 12.

A successful R.A.F. attack on the German naval base at Kiel in which British bomber crews saw flashes of heavy explosions and the glare of a large fire was carried out on Tuesday night.

The Air Ministry 'communique' announcing the raid states that the Bremenhaven docks and two aerodromes in north-west Germany were also bombed. A daylight raid on occupied Holland on Tuesday by R.A.F. bombers is also announced by the Air Ministry.

Single aircraft bombed an oil storage plant at Rotterdam and a factory near Utretcht. Fuller details of the R.A.F. attack are expected later.

Raids Over Britain

The German air force, after concentrating most of its attack on Monday night on Portsmouth area, losing altogether seven aircraft, sent a stream of planes over the south coast on Tuesday night on scattered targets. One Heinkel bomber has been so far confirmed as shot down off the east coast of Scotland. Three members of the crew were rescued from a rubber dinghy after the plane had sunk.

Small groups of German planes operated over a wide area in West Midland, but no serious incidents occurred anywhere. Fire-watching parties dealt ably with hundreds of incendiaries and oil bombs scattered over a wide area. There were a number of casualties from high explosive bombs, mainly in one town.

NAZI PLANE DESTROYED.

A British fighter destroyed an enemy plane on an aerodrome in Northern France on Tuesday night and another enemy plane was destroyed by R.A.F. Coastal Command aircraft on patrol during daylight on Tuesday. No R.A.F. planes are missing from the operations on Tuesday or Tuesday night.

CAIRO: Rhodes Island in the Dodecanese was heavily raided by R.A.F. bombers during the night of March 10-11. The Calato enemy aerodrome halfway between Lindos and Lakania was bombed causing a large fire in the south-west corner of the aerodrome following four heavy explosions and several smaller ones.

An R.A.F. Middle-east 'communique' announcing these operations says that aerodromes at Maritza and Kattavia were also attacked causing fires.

RAID ON MALTA.

The 'communique' adds that enemy aircraft raided Malta during the night of March 10|11. One German heavy bomber was shot down by British fighters and anti-aircraft destroyed another enemy aircraft.

Rome Admits It

LONDON, March 12.

To-day's High Command 'communique' admits an R.A.F. Raid on the island of Rhodes in the Dodecanese and says that slight damage was caused. The R.A.F. raid on Tripoli is also admitted.

Royal Infirmary Damaged

The Royal Infirmary, the premier Welsh hospital, was among the navy buildings damaged in a recent air raid on Cardiff, it is revealed to-day. The staff was dealing with raid casualties and operations were going on in one of the big theatres when it was shattered by a bomb but there were no further casualties.

Saint Davids Catholic Cathedral was also extensively damaged.—Reuter.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE BOMBED AGAIN.

LONDON, March 12.

Buckingham Palace, it is revealed, was again bombed in a recent raid.—

Three bombs fell near the Palace during a recent air-raid. One destroyed the lodge at the north gate of the palace, which is close to the garden gate at the foot of the Constitution Hill. Several large stone pillars were also shattered and a policeman received fatal injuries. The lodge-keeper, however, was in the Palace shelter with his wife, when a bomb wrecked his home.

Two other bombs fell in the Palace forecourt causing craters. —Reuter.

Mahasabha Discusses Direct Action Preliminaries

Activities Of Provincial Councils Reviewed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The All-India Council of Action of the Hindu Mahasabha met at Sardar Graha, to-day, under the Presidentship of Dr. S. P. Mukherji. Dr. B. S. Moonje who is a member of both the Council of Action and the Hindu Militarisation Board, attended the meeting. Members of some of the Provincial Councils of Action were also present. Nineteen Provincial Sabhas are stated to be actively working.

The following communique was issued at the end of the meeting:

"Different schemes of direct action and the issues on which they should be started were discussed. The reports of the work done by the different Provincial Hindu Mahasabhas were reviewed and the Central Council of Action was satisfied with the progress so far made.

Provincial Councils of Action have already been formed: C. P. (Marathi), Bengal, Berar, Maharashtra, Rajastana, Bihar, Mahakoshal, Assam, Agra and Oundh, Bombay, Delhi, Tamilnad and Madras city.

District Councils of Action have been formed in some of the Provinces and the work of enrolling volunteers is going on. It was decided to instruct the Provincial Councils to push forward the work of forming District Councils of Action and enrolling volunteers.

The Council will welcome the enrolment of members of other organisations who believe in the Hindu cause and who are ready to sign the pledge."

Most of the members of the Working Committee have already left for their respective Provinces.

Mr. RAMDAS KILACHAND THANKS

all those voters who kindly attended the office of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on the day of election of a Port Trustee on the 10th instant and recorded their votes in his favour.

SATYAGRAHA ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

B. G. KAREKAR AND S. P. BANKA ARRESTED

Congress Satyagrahis Taken To Thana

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Two Congressmen selected by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for offering Satyagraha in the city this evening were arrested in the early hours of this morning and taken to Thana for detention. They are Mr. B. G. Karekar, a Congress worker of "F" Ward, and Mr. Surjuprasad Banka, Member of the "C" Ward Congress Committee.

The next batch of Satyagrahis from Bombay includes Mr. F. B. Parab and Mr. Tulsidas Vithaldas Shah, local Congress workers, who propose to offer Satyagraha on Friday.

Thana Congress President Jailed

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 11.

Dr. G. B. Parulekar, President, Thana District Congress Committee, who had offered "Satyagraha" at Bassein on the 10th instant, was tried by the Thana Town Sub-Divisional Magistrate for offences under the Defence of India Rules. Dr. Parulekar, on pleading guilty to the charge, was sentenced to suffer eight months' simple imprisonment. He is given "B" class.

The same Magistrate tried and convicted Laxman Bistur Bhoir, a Congress worker of Panju, Tal. Bassein, of the offence under Defence of India Rules and sentenced him to suffer four months' simple imprisonment. He is given "C" class.

Congress Worker Jailed

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 11.

Mr. Ganesh Balkrishna Newalkar, a teacher and a Congress worker from Bhiwandi, who had offered "Satyagraha" on the 10th instant at the same place, was tried to-day by the Thana Town Sub-Divisional Magistrate, for an offence under Rule 38 (1) 5 of Defence of India Rules. Mr. Newalkar, who pleaded guilty to the charge was convicted and sentenced to suffer six months' simple imprisonment. He has been given "B" class.

Another Satyagrahi From Santa-Cruz Sentenced

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI, March 12.

Sjt. Manubhai R. Desai, who offered Satyagraha, on Wednesday morning, was sentenced by the First Class Magistrate, Bandra to one day's imprisonment and fine of Rs. 50/- or in default to serve three months' simple imprisonment.

Kalyan Satyagrahi

(From A Correspondent)

KALYAN, March 12.

Sjt. Rambhau Patwardhan, a Staunch Congress and Harijan worker, will offer Satyagraha at Dombivli at 5 p. m. on Saturday 15th inst.

Hariprasad Desai Arrested

AHMEDABAD, March 11

Dr. Hariprasad Desai, an ex-President of the Ahmedabad Municipality, who was to offer Satyagraha tomorrow was arrested tonight and taken to Sabarmati Jail. —A. P.

Sixteen Arrested On Dandi Day

AHMEDABAD, March 12.

Sixteen Satyagrahis including one woman who offered Satyagraha to-day in the city as well as different villages of the district in observance of the Dandi Day were arrested under the Defence of India Rules and removed to Sabarmati jail.

No Satyagraha will be offered to-morrow on account of Holi.—A. P.

Youth Mandal Secretary Arrested

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, March 12

Sjt. Gendalal Shah a Congress worker, and Secretary, Youth Mandal, offered Satyagraha this morning, by shouting anti-war slogans. He was garlanded profusely by the public, police arrested him at 10-45 and put him in a lock-up.

SATYAGRAHI CONVICTED

JUBBULPORE, March 11

Following are Satyagraha convictions:—

NARSINGHPUR:— Roshansingh Dorchia was sentenced till the rising of the court and a fine of Rs. 100.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHIS KEEP MARCHING

MADRAS, Mar. 11.

Persons offered Satyagraha in Andhra Districts during the month ending March 5, number 753, according to a statement issued by the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, of this number, 333 were arrested.

Most of the Satyagrahis who were not arrested are stated to be on their march to Delhi.

The statement adds: The total number of persons who had offered Satyagraha from the commencement of the campaign upto now is 1423 in Andhra Districts, and the total fine imposed during the last three months amounted to Rs. 92,293-4-0.—A. P.

Satyagraha Statistics Of Andhra

MADRAS, March 11.

A statement just issued by the General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee says that during the period of February 6, 1941 to March 5, 1941, the number of persons who offered Satyagraha in Andhra was 673. With this the total number of those who have offered Satyagraha since the beginning of the movement comes to 1,423.

Out of 673 that offered Satyagraha during the month 333 were arrested and 340 were not arrested. Among those arrested 175 were convicted under the Defence of India Rules.

During the month under report an amount of Rs. 24,712-4-0 were imposed as fines on the Satyagrahis. With this the total amount of fines imposed in Andhra Desa since the commencement of the Satyagraha campaign comes to Rs. 92,293-4-0.—United Press.

V. Subramanian Jailed

TRICHINOPOLY, March 12

Dr. V. Subramanian was sentenced to 3 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 200 in connection with Satyagraha.—A. P.

C. R. Srinivasan Jailed

MADRAS, March 12.

Mr. C. R. Srinivasan was sentenced to fifteen days' R. I. for offering Satyagraha. He was placed in "B" Class

Three other Congressmen were also arrested to-day in the city in connection with Satyagraha and were awarded each fifteen days' A. I., and placed in "C" Class.—A. P.

HUNGER-STRIKE IN MOTIHARI JAIL

PATNA, March 11.

The Champaran District Kisan Sabha has received information from Motihari that as many as 32 Kisan Sabhaites who have been undergoing imprisonment in the Motihari Jail have gone on hunger-strike as a protest against alleged ill-treatment in Jail.

Further details of their demands are lacking.

A case is pending in the court of Sub-Divisional Officer, Bettiah, against 11 Kisan Sabhaites for having taken out a procession on the Independence Day.—United Press.

Convictions In Bihar

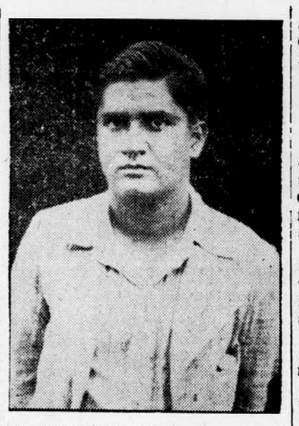
GOPALGANJ (Saran), March 11.

Mr. Mahesh Prasad and Babu Raja Lal, who offered Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogan, were convicted and sentenced to undergo one day's imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 60, in default 1½ months' further imprisonment.

Mr. Raja Lal, who offered Satyagraha at Bagh in Bazaar by shouting anti-war slogans, was sentenced to undergo one day's imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 60 in default 1½ months' further imprisonment.

Mr. Shia Saran another Satyagrahi was sentenced to undergo ten days' rigorous imprisonment by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate Gopalganj.—United Press.

As soon as Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the Frontier Congress leader, arrived in Lahore to preside over the Anti-Communal Conference last week, he unfolded his portable Charkha and began to ply it.



Mr. Manubhai Desai who offered Satyagraha on Wednesday at Santa Cruz was arrested.

In U. P.

ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

MEERUT, March 12.

The following persons were tried to-day in jail and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha:—

Srimati Satyavati Devi, a member of the United Provinces Legislative Assembly six months' S. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 in default three months further imprisonment; Chaudhury Hari Singh, nine months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 in default three months further imprisonment; Chaudhury Dalel Singh, six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 25 in default one month; Gandan Lal Sharma, six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 30 in default one month; Pandit Raj Bal, six months' R. I. and fine of Rs. 30 in default one month; Jagadish Dutt, six months' R. I.; Swami Hardeo Nath, six months R. I.; Pandit Durga Dutt Vaidya, eight months' R. I. Yadgir Singh, six months' R. I.; Aman Singh, eight months' R. I.; Bakhtawar Singh, eight months' R. I.; Shusram, eight months' R. I.; Chattar Sain Gupta, six months' R. I.; Raghubar Singh, six months' R. I.; Bansi Dhar, eight months' R. I.; Narpat Singh, six months' R. I.

Shreemati Satyavati Devi and Hari Singh were given B class and the rest C class.

ARRESTS.

The following Satyagrahis who had given notice of their intention to offer Satyagraha have been arrested and brought to the Meerut jail:—Messrs. Mairaj Singh, Om Prakash, Chaman Singh, and Birbal Singh.

The Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Ghazibad, Mr. Jamnadas, President of the Mandal Committee, Muradnagar, to one year's imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default two months' imprisonment.—A. P.

Convictions At Allahabad

ALLAHABAD, March 12.

Chhabinath, a local Congress worker, has been sentenced under the Defence of India Rules by the City Magistrate of Allahabad to fifteen months' rigorous imprisonment.

Eight more Congress workers have been similarly sentenced to various terms of imprisonment from one year to fifteen months and fines from Rs. 50 to 100.

In each case of fine in default three months' further imprisonment.—A. P.

Three Satyagrahis Arrested

CALCUTTA, March 11.

Three youngmen were arrested this afternoon for shouting slogans in front of the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court.

This brings the total number of arrests in connection with demonstrations in front of different courts in the city to 20 since March 1 last.—United Press.

Conviction In Bengal

CALCUTTA, March 11

Mr. Sarojranjan Chatterjee of Balurghat was sentenced today to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of rupees fifty, for having offered Satyagraha.

The restriction order on Mr. Dhirendra Chandra Sen, a labour worker of Dacca, has been extended, confining his movements within the limits of Dacca Municipality for another period of six months.

Kogesh Chandra Chakravarty, ex-detenu of Comilla, who had been released after having served his full term of imprisonment for violation of a restraint order has again been taken into custody as a security prisoner.

Purusottam Chauhan, of Jharia was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 250 for offering Satyagraha.

Following were also sentenced for offering Satyagraha:—

Binanda Chandra Borah, was sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court. Rameswar Gogoi, was sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court. Sabharam Borah, sentenced to 1 month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 25.—A. P.

Shopkeeper Offers Satyagraha

RAWALPINDI, March 12

Harbanslal, a shopkeeper in the grain market, who offered Satyagraha in Bazar Naswarian was arrested by the police.

Chanalal , another Congress worker was sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment by Mr. Jackson, First Class Magistrate.—A. P.

BOSE'S PROPERTIES TO BE ATTACHED

CALCUTTA, March 12

An order to attach the immovable properties of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was passed today by the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, in connection with the case pending against him under the Defence of India Rules.

The Magistrate directed that the attachment order in respect of the one-fourth share of 38/2, Elgin Road (the joint residence of Mr. Bose and his brothers) should be issued through the Collector of 24 Parganas and would be subject to any encumbrances made.

The Collector of 24 Parganas was appointed receiver of the Elgin Road property, and the Chief Executive Officer, Calcutta Corporation of the property in Chitaranjan Avenue, commonly known as the "Mahajati Sadan", now under construction on a plot of Corporation land leased out to Mr. Bose.

The list of properties submitted to the Magistrate by the police also showed that Mr. Bose had more than two hundred rupees in three banks in the city, which had already been impounded by the police by virtue of notices issued by the Magistrate.

Mr. Bose is being prosecuted in this court in connection with an allegedly prejudicial speech delivered by him at Mahommed Ali Park and for the publication of an article entitled "The Day of Reckoning" in the English wekly "Forward Bloc"—A. P.

Arrested Under Explosives Act

CALCUTTA, March 11.

Monindranath Maiti and two others were arrested yesterday by the Special Branch Police under the Explosive Substances Act and the Defence of India Rules. They were produced to-day before the Fourth Presidency Magistrate, who remanded them to police custody, pending enquiries.

Vidyasagar Chakkar, who was also arrested yesterday at New Park Street on similar charges, was produced before the Additional Magistrate of Alipore and remanded to custody till March 17.—United Press.

Don't Handcuff Satyagrahis

Madras Government's Strict Orders

MADRAS, March 12.

Instances of Satyagraha prisoners being hand-cuffed having been brought to the Government's notice, the Government have issued strict instructions to the authorities concerned that Satyagraha prisoners should not be hand-cuffed as they would not be violent or try to escape from custody.—United Press.

SATYAMURTI CEASES TO BE ALDERMAN

Satyagraha Echo In Madras City Council

MADRAS, March 12.

At the meeting of the City Council to-day, the Commissioner reported that Mr. S. Satyamurthi (M.L.A. Central), has ceased to be an alderman as he had failed to attend meetings for three consecutive months.

A resolution moved by Mr. A. R. V. Achar, Congress Councillor, who has not yet resigned, to reinstate Mr. Satyamurthi was rejected, with the result that he ceases to be an alderman.

Resolutions to reinstate Mr. P. M. Adikesava Naicker and Mr. G. Rangiah Naidu who are undergoing terms of imprisonment in connection with Satyagraha were also lost.—A. P.

Orders For Removal Of Vizag Dt. Board Chief

MADRAS, March 12.

The Government have passed orders that Mr. P. L. Narasimharaju President Vizagapatam District Board be removed from office on the ground that he has abused the powers vested in him as President and disobeyed the Rules and lawful orders."—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

The signing of the Lease and Lend Bill by President Roosevelt must be regarded as a death blow to German hopes of American isolation and a triumph of British diplomacy.

The Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House of Reprsentatives said that this Bill was the voice of a roused America and that they were out to prove that Democracy could and would unite to carry into effect Lincoln's high resolve that "Government of the people by the people, for the people shall not perish from this earth."

One rejoices in the sentiments expressed by Mr. Bloom and hopes that when the war is over and Democracy has triumphed we, too, will have a right to share in Lincoln's resolve and that our fight for freedom will not have been in vain. The words uttered by Messrs. Bloom and Roosevelt are very heartening. They show that America is now not the isolationist America of the Munroe Doctrine.

How far the American President will go in exercising the rights given to him under the Lease and Lend Bill is yet to be seen. We are content to behold even now the break from that abstract principle of cash and carry.

WELCOME NEWS

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have opened a special register in which the monthly requirements of mill owners and other genuine consumers of KRAFT PAPER are entered on application.

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HERE'S ANOTHER HAPPY MOTHER

...WHO WAS NOT KEPT AWAKE LAST NIGHT BY HER CHILD'S COUGH

A cough always strikes harder at night. It deprives mother and child of precious sleep : : : makes both feel miserable.

You can protect your family against the dangers and complications of hacking cough, with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Chamberlain's gives quick relief to inflamed areas, breaks up congestion and clears air passages, permitting you to breathe more freely. Chamberlain's is free from harmful drugs...it is pleasant to take...suitable for all the family.

Buy Chamberlain's today . : : to stop that cough tonight.

Z37

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, All Good Detectives Go Around in Disguise — By BUD FISHER

HOW DO YOU LIKE MY NEW POLICE DOG, MUTT? I JUST BOUGHT HIM FOR TEN BUCKS!
POLICE DOG? YOU LITTLE FOOL, THAT'S NO POLICE DOG!
HE IS TOO! HE'S A GENUINE POLICE DOG!
HOW DO YOU KNOW?
THE MAN TOLD ME HE WAS!
OH, SO THE MAN TOLD YOU HE WAS?
LISTEN, BOOB! A POLICE DOG HAS A LONG SNOOT, STRAIGHT HAIR, HIS EARS STAND UP AND HE LOOKS INTELLIGENT!
YOUR POOCH HAS A SHORT SNOOT, CURLY HAIR, FLAPPY EARS AND HE LOOKS LIKE A WRECK!
WELL--- HE'S IN DISGUISE!
?
11-18

A 4-oz. bottle of

BOVRIL

makes over

100 DELICIOUS SANDWICHES

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT

Port Trust Go Down Fighting: Britannia S. C. And Telephone Fail To Score

Two matches were played on the Gymkhana ground on Wednesday in the preliminary rounds of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament.

In the early match, the Bombay Telephone Company and Britannia Sports Club figured in a goalless draw, despite extra time being played.

The second match was a more interesting fixture, the Y.M.C.A. beat the Bombay Port Trust by four goals to nil. This score flatters the winners as the Port Trust were unlucky not to score. They played an improved game in the late half. The Y.M.C.A. were opportunists and this stood them in good stead.

GOALLESS DRAW

The Britannia Sports Club and the Bombay Telephone Company failed to impress their tactics were of the hit-and-run variety.

The Telephone Company, might have taken lead in the early half of play, missed several good scoring chances. On the other side, the Britannia Sports also had a number of opportunities but the lack of combination in their front line, and tardiness in the ring, failed to produce any result. The teams crossed over level.

On resumption, the Telephone Company made several good moves in the initial stages at the half, but were never really dangerous.

In the last fifteen minutes Britannia Sports played a great, rallying game and had two excellent scoring chances, but their forwards muddled things up. The rival back now rose to great heights and it was mainly due to this that after sixty minutes' play the teams failed to arrive at a decision.

Extra time was played, during which Britannia Sports were on top but could not translate a number of good movements into a goal and when time was called, the teams retired on even terms

The teams were:—

BRITANNIA SPORTS CLUB: J. D'Silva; L. Rodrigues and G. Carvalho; D'Costa; N. D'Silva and G. Gomes; Carvalho; C. Rodricks; Valladares; Remedios and Braganza.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO.: Carrapiett, Preece and McMorran; I. Papi; Taylor and Saldhana; Fernandes; Gibson; High; S. Papi and A. Mendonca.

Y.M.C.A. FLATTERED

The second match between the Y.M.C.A. and the Bombay Port Trust, resulted in a four goal victory. No one expected this as the Port Trust were the raiding party for the greater part of the first half in which they wanted several fine scoring chances.

The Port Trust, who played brilliantly to begin with failed to maintain their grip on the game. Five minutes to interval, they seemed to fade out of the picture during which time Jenkins and Swaris scored for the Y.M.C.A.

Coming over with a two goal lead the Y. M. C. A. were a changed team in the second period and showed improved form whilst the Port Trust could not reproduce their early game. The two quick goals against them just before half-time seemed to take the sting and life out of their play.

In the late stages of the game, however, they rallied and made frantic efforts to score, but the Y.M.C.A. defence proved sound and Sequeira, in goal, did some very worthy work. In the last five minute the Y. M. C. A. came on again and Shanmuggan and Jenkins completed the tally for the winning side.

The teams were:—

Y. M. C. A.:—Sequeira; Wilson and Almeida; Dourado; O'Connor and Nunnoo; Biswas; Swaris; Jenkins; Shanmuggan and Rao.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST: Telang; Williams and Correy; Francis; Quinn and Dias; Braganza; Gonsalves; Dolan; Jeffries and Freitas.

To-day's Match

Gymkhana Ground—5-30 p.m.—Brijraj Young Men vs. Kirkee Sportsmen.

LEAGUE HOCKEY AT PAREL

From reports to hand a record crowd will watch the final of the Lewis Cup Hockey Tournament to be played this evening (5-15 p.m.) on St. Xavier's College Gymkhana ground, Parel Two teams with a big reputation clash, the Lusitanians and the Bombay City Police, the 1941 League Champions.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police will preside.

The Band of St. Stanislaus' High School will be in attendance.

St. Mary's In Junior Aga Khan Final

Hundreds of school boys shouted themselves hoarse in following the fortunes of St. Mary's High School and St. Sebastian's High School, when they met on Wednesday in the second semi-final of the Junior Aga Khan Hockey Tournament, St. Mary's were the eventual winners, Triumphing by three goals, all of which came in the second period. Few expected this conclusion, as in the early spell both schools were level where exchanges were concerned, scoring chances were seen at each end, and here, J. Dane, in St. Mary's goal, and M. Fernandes, playing goalie for St. Sebastian's, earned rounds of applause for brilliant goal-keeping, in turn.

The backs also were greatly responsible for a goalless first half. Gow and Amboster for St. Mary's, and G. Fernandes and A. Fernandes were definitely great spoilers of dangerous raids. In getting rid of danger, their first time tactics were very correct.

The second period was more or less an off phase for St. Sebastian's and they allowed their opponents three points, Mitchell two and A. Gardner being the goal getters. Besides the scorers M. Santa Clara and Johnson showed up in St. Mary's forward line. St. Sebastian's had some clever dribblers in their line of attack, but a deal of individualism robbed a lot of their merits G Noronha, being mainly guilty in this direction.

The match itself was a great encounter conducted at a cracking pace throughout. All 22 lads played hard every minute of the game and gave of their best.

St. Mary's now meet St. Xaviers' High School in the final on the B. P. H. A. ground on Friday, March 14.

ST. MARY'S H. S.: J. Dane, Gow and Amboster, D. Aratoon, J. Dias and W. Williams, M. Santa Clara, A. George A. Gardner, Mitchell and Johnson.

ST. SEBASTIAN'S H. S.: M. Fernandes, G. Fernandes and A. Fernandes, W. Fernandes, W. Desouza and A. Vaz; F. DeSouza, B. Menezes, G. Noronha, R. Rozario and Fichardo.

Bhopal Wanderers Win

KARACHI, March 12.

The Bhopal Wanderers, the All-India Hockey Champions, gave a sparkling display in beating the Sind XI by five goals to one to-day in an exhibition match in aid of the War Fund.—A. P.

WESTERN INDIA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

The Tenth Annual General Meeting of the Western India Football Association, Limited, was held at the Cooperage on Tuesday last with M. D. Moir, President, in the Chair.

The President presented the Annual Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1940 to the meeting. The season under review was a thoroughly successful one from all points of view, despite the fact that the world was passing through one of its most troubious times. The Association had an income of Rs. 41,852 last year and after meeting the expenses there was a surplus of Rs. 6,295. Besides it donated nearly Rs. 9,000 to the War Fund and other charities.

NEW COMMITTEE

After the Report and the Accounts were adopted the following Committee was unanimously elected for the current year:—

President: Mr. D. Moir.

Vice-Presidents: Mr. J. C. Maitra and Mr N. G. Nadkarni.

Hon. Secretary: Mr. E. J. Turner.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr. N. E. Musry.

Members: Messrs. C. Bull, L. Hibbert, F. C. Lewis, J. E. Bottomley, A. A. Taylor, J. M. Brand, N. M Chinoy, J. Calitan, Behram Doctor, R. F. Munshi, G. Chard, and H. M. Ahmed.

REFEREES WANTED

At the conclusion of the meeting, the President remarked that there was a great dearth of referees at the present moment, as most of the old referees were not available. He hoped that some of the old players and other aspiring whistlers would come forward and take up the duties. The Association was quite prepared to give training to new men.

CO-OPTED MEMBERS

The Committee then co-opted two representatives from the Indian Football League and one each from the Army, the Royal Indian Navy and St. Xavier's College.

WATER POLO QUADRANGULAR

At the meeting of the Managing Committee of the Quadrangular Water Polo Tournament for the Golvala Challenge Shield, it was decided to hold the tournament this year at the Victoria Swimming Bath.

The following is the draw:—

April 3, 6-30 p.m.—Golvala Parsis vs. Hindus, followed by Europeans vs. Zionists.

April 4, 6-30 p.m. Final.

The Losing teams in the first round will meet in an exhibition match.

The following have been invited to act as referees:—Mr. L. F. Richards—Hindus vs. Parsis; Mr. K. F. Golvala—Zionists vs. Europeans.

The referee for the final will be decided at the conclusion of the first two matches.

The holders of the Golvala Challenge Shield are the Parsis who have annexed it for the last six years.

The tournament is expected to attract added interest this year, as aquatics appear to claim a bigger following with each passing year.

THE DELHI FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION SHIELD TOURNAMENT

Open to teams from all over India will start from 1st week of April, 1941. Entries close on 25th April, 1941.

Apply immediately.

HONORARY SECRETARY,
Delhi Football Association,
Old Viceregal Lodge, Delhi.

SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY'S RACES

By "ORR"

BOMBAY, Thursday.

To-day's 'Holi' Races at Mahaluxmi, have attracted large fields in all the nine events in the card.

The Chantilly Plate for classes one and two horses, has attracted as many as nineteen contestants among whom Let Slip sticks out as the best. Greetings and Fire Alarm should run well to be in the picture.

The following are the selections for the day:

1st Race: 2 p.m.
LATIFF HASSAN 1
ZAMIL AL IRAQ 2
QAID AL FURAT F

2nd Race: 2-30 p.m.
MUWAFFAQ AL ILAH 1
RAFAT BEG 2
BANASH SAGBAN (Bkt.) F

3rd Race: 3 p.m.
TWINE 1
FAIRY QUEEN 2
LAXMIDHAR F

4th Race: 3-30 p.m.
POMPOM 1
ZENITH 2
KING'S WINE F

5th Race: 4 p.m.
APPLE JELLY 1
HASSINA 2
KING OF SPORTS F

6th Race: 4-30 p.m.
VALENTIA JINKS 1
SAUCE ANGLAISE 2
AFTALON F

7th Race: 5 p.m.
KING FAROUQ 1
KING OF DIAMONDS 2
SHAYAL NAYIF F

8th Race: 5-30 p.m.
LET SLIP 1
GREETINGS 2
FIRE ALARM F

9th Race: 6 p.m.
NEOCELL 1
SO THAT'S THAT 2
BOBBY IN THE BARN F

DAILY DOUBLE:
TWINE,
VALENTIA JINKS.

DAILY TREBLE:
APPLE JELLY,
KING FAROUQ,
LET SLIP.

Handicaps For Saturday

The following are the handicaps for the Third Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting to be held on Saturday, March 15:—

NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE
Distance 2 miles:—
Coeus 9-0, Gay Talkie 8-13, Sea Battle 8-11, Cave Man 8-4, Respirator 8-4, Roxhound 8-0, Tall Story 8-0, Delphi 7-11, Faris II 7-11.

ST. CLOUD HANDICAP
Distance 6 furlongs:—
Certus Divitae 9-0, Meddlesome 9-0, Mayfowl II 9-0, El Morocco 8-11, Chhatrasal 8-11, Taqdir 8-11, Flying Glance 8-7, Flying Orders 8-7, Pompeian 8-7, Wansfell 8-7, Diamond Ring 8-4, Eyrefield 8-4, Chillarch 8-0, Sir Robin 7-13, Valkyrian 7-13, Mahboob 7-9, Kilt 7-9

STAYERS' PLATE
Distance (about) 1-1/2 miles:—
Shalivahan 9-4, Dinah's Son 9-0, Sitara 8-6, Hothouse 8-4, Talk 8-2, Bolster 8-0, Ratepayer 8-0, Bisharin 7-11, Cotys 7-11, Cash Book 7-9, Foxlair 7-9, Haut Monde 7-7.

TRALEE PLATE
Distance 6 furlongs:—
Loveable 9-4, Red Gold 9-0, Arrow Sting 8-11, Silk Apron 8-9, Gilderoy 8-9, Dr. Mary 8-9, Valentia Jinks 8-7, Kamala 8 5, Romney's Girl 8-4, Serene Highness (late Sari Marais) 8-4, Vijai Kumari (late Regatta) 8-4, Tiger Kid 8-2, Tavern 8-2, Nanice 8-2, Princess Rose 8-2, Aer Lingus 8-0, War Dust 7-11, Chowrangi (late Pickilla) 7-9, Poornima 7-9, Reliable 7-7.

MARCH PLATE (Div. I.)
Distance 6 furlongs:—
Redouble 9-2, Cariyon 8-11, Hue d'Or 8-11, Mazarin 8-11, Princess Mumtaz 8-9, Bay Nazir 8-6, Pearl Begum 8-4, Potato Jones 8-2, Double Oak 8-2, Ginger Biscuit 8-0, Swastika 7-11, Trustful 7-9, Eminent 7-9.

MARCH PLATE (Div. II.)
Distance 6 furlongs:—
Dry Sherry 9-0, Rafle 9-0, Tyrant 9-0, Countess Nil 8-11, Fakhr ul Mulk 8-11, Belop 8-9, Miss Chief 8-7, Solomon 8-7, Sherabel 8-4, Ratnamala 8-4, Sit Fast 8-0, Coronation Year 8-0, Respite 8-0.

ALEXANDRIA HANDICAP (Div. I.)
Distance 7 furlongs:—
Chief Ruler 9-7, Pushpamala 9-2, Vasant Kumari 9-0, Kanz ul Ilan 8-11, Gold Deposit 8-4, Assaf Mahmud 8-4, Fadhli Minshad 8-2, Lion of Lanka 8-2, Prince Hilal 8-2, Legion II 8-0, Royal Rival 8-0, Star of Lanka 8-0, Young Tiger 8-0, Bahar Neel 7-9, Tiger King 7-7, Sultana Salim 7-7, Can You 7-4.

ALEXNDRIA HANDICAP (Div. II.)
Distance 7 furlongs:—
Atilla 9 4, Dahman Suri 9-4, Flourishing Queen 9-4, Snapper 9-0, Great Star 8-13, Star of Kashmir 8-13, Taj al Farat 8-13, Nalini II 8-11, Taj Mahal 8-9, Wheel of Fortune 8-4, Jawahir Pasha 8-4, Lila (late Gubailat Alwan) 8-4, Lala 8-2, John Wilkie 8-2, Dahman Fadhil 8-2, Full Moon 8-0, Spitfire 8-0, Walk Over 8-0, Burges 8-0, Zain ul Muluk 8 0, Marshal 7-13, Taj Subhan 7-12, Dalli al Iraq 7-11, Majhool 7-11, Majnun Anwah 7-11, Shanghai 7-9, Golden Dawn 7-9.

A winner after the publication of weights to carry 10 lbs. extra.

Maharashtra Team Leave For Poona

MADRAS, March 12.

The members of the Maharashtra Cricket Team, who won the Ranji Trophy left for Poona this morning by the Bombay Express.—A. P.

Madras Races

"SMOKY SEA" UPSETS PUNTERS

MADRAS: March 12.

The following are the results of to-day's races:—

OOTACAMUND PLATE (Div. I)—6 furlongs.
HASSUN PASHA 9/6, Bowley 1
JAW AL IRAQ 9/5, O'Neil 2
TAJ LEBANON 8/10, Vir Singh 3
SALIM AL IRAQ 8/13, Fazal Rahman 4
All ran.
Tote paid Rs. 66 for win; Rs. 18, Rs. 15 and Rs. 30 for places.
Favourite: Musaid Al Khair.

CARLISLIE PLATE—6 furlongs.
GOLD GILL 7/8, H. Black 1
MAD HATTER 8/4, West 2
TETROADO 8/2, Shanker 3
MARINA 8/8, H. McQuade 4
Not run: Paila Number.
Tote paid Rs. 20 for win; Rs. 16 and Rs. 28 for places.
Favourite: Gold Gill.

SHIREEN PLATE (Div. II)—7 furlongs.
SAMAVI 7/10, H. McQuade 1
THARWATH 9/1, Fazal Rahman 2
ALAM AL NASR 7/5 (car. 7/8), West 3
MAADINAMER 8/8, Jabbar 4
All ran.
Tote paid Rs. 96 for win; Rs. 28, Rs. 34 and Rs. 22 for places.
Favourite: Flifil.

CAPE CAMORIN PLATE—6 furlongs.
MANSUR AL ARAB 9/1, J. O'Neil 1
ASAD BABIL 9/3, H. Black 2
MUQBIL AL MULUK 8/3, Shanker 3
MARZUQ AL MULUK 9/4, Bowley 4
All ran.
Tote paid Rs. 120 for win; Rs. 28, Rs. 14 and Rs. 24 for places.
Favourite: Salaman al Zaman.

ADYAR PLATE—1 mile.
SMOKY SEA 9/4, Fitzerald 1
EMBERS 8/5, Baker 2
ORATION 8/10, H. Black 3
WET NIGHT 8/1, Clarke 4
All ran.
Tote paid Rs. 140 for win; Rs. 28, Rs. 36 and Rs. 32 for places.
Favourite: Candle Stick.

ENNORE PLATE—6 furlongs.
THAALAB 8/9, H. McQuade 1
BANI TAMI 8/10, Vir Singh 2
ZAID UL KHAIR 7/9, Mohideen 3
AL MUNTASIR 8/4, Clark 4
Not run: Batal Al Iraq.
Tote paid Rs. 34 for win; Rs. 18, Rs. 26 and Rs. 114 for places.
Favourite: Thaalab.

SHIREEN PLATE (Div. I)—7 furlongs.
SAIF BAHADUR 8/5, Bowley 1
SHALAN PASHA 7/8, Shanker 2
GALLANT BOY 8/11, Fazal Rahman 3
SAIDAN 9/0, West 4
Not run: Kuhallan Anwah.
Tote paid Rs. 30 for win; Rs. 24, Rs. 28 and Rs. 32 for places.
Favourite: Saidan.

DEODHAR AGAINST COMMUNAL CRICKET

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS: March 12.

Prof. Deodhar, in an exclusive interview, strongly expressed himself against communalism in cricket and reminded lovers of the game that it is the one game which can and shall establish communal concord. He suggested Zonal fixtures should replace Pentangulars.

Prof. Deodhar stressed the necessity of exploring new talents and give them a fair trial. The skipper also threw out suggestion for arranging three matches between inter varsity winners and All-India Eleven or Ranji Trophy winners with a view to encourage Varsity students.

Prof. Deodhar during a short stay here endeared himself to one and all, both in and off the field.

The team-spirit and happy atmosphere of Maharashtra team led by the aged Prof Deodhar, is the envy of Madras cricket fans.

Bhopal Wanderers Beat Sind XI

KARACHI: March 11.

The Bhopal Wanderers, the All-India Hockey Champions, gave a sparkling display in beating the Sind Eleven today in an exhibition match in aid of the War Fund. His Excellency the Governor witnessed the match.—A. P.

SEND-OFF TO MYSORE RULER

The Maharaja of Mysore gave interviews on Monday to Sir M. Visveswaraiah, Sir N. Mandalik, Mr. P. B. Advani, Director of Industries, Bombay, on Tuesday received Mr. N. N. Iyengar, President of the Mysore Association and Mr. B. V. Rama Iyengar.

His Highness left for Madras via Nagpur by the Special Saloon attached to the Calcutta Mail.

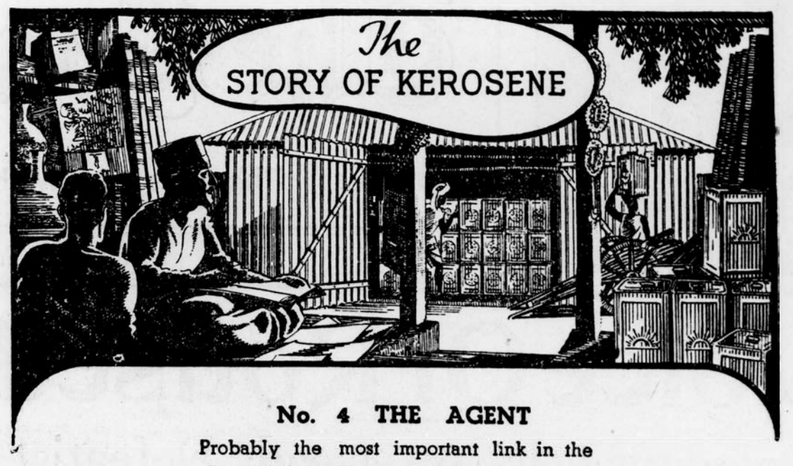
He was accorded a hearty send off by Dewan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy, Mr. N. N. Iyengar, President, Mysore Association, Mr. N. S. Gubbi, J. N. Iyer, and several prominent people.

Dewan Bahadur K. Ramaswamy presented His Highness with garlands and wished him a happy journey.

Mr. Hatim Shums' Portrait Unveiled

Mr. A. E. Maskati unveiled on Tuesday the portrait of the late Mr. Hatim E. Shums in the Bohra Youth League Hall before a large gathering of Bohra youths Mr. Maskati paid a glowing tribute to the qualities of head and heart of the late Mr. Shums, who was always sympathetic and generous to the poor and encouraged the Bohra youths in the right way of progress. He was a great believer in Hindu-Muslim unity.

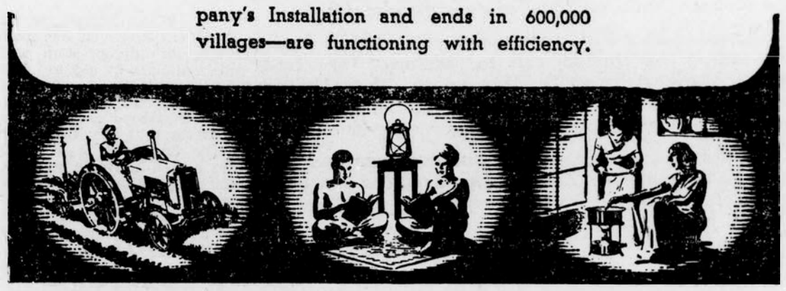
PESHAWAR, March 12. — The village of Tajori in Bannu District was the scene of a raid last night, when a shop was looted and a six year old daughter of the shop-keeper was kidnapped.



No. 4 THE AGENT

Probably the most important link in the chain of Kerosene distribution is the Agent. He is responsible for distribution throughout the area that he covers. It is an essential part of his duties to ensure that every dealer in his district is regularly supplied and where necessary he must arrange for hawkers who visit purchasers in their houses. Burmah-Shell Kerosene Agents are merchants of high standing and they are respected throughout India for the valuable part they play in the life of the community.

Through their own staff of Inspectors, Burmah-Shell keep watch to ensure that all the links in the chain of distribution—which starts at the Company's Installation and ends in 600,000 villages—are functioning with efficiency.



BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA LTD.
AGENTS (INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)
CALCUTTA BOMBAY MADRAS KARACHI NEW DELHI

HALF YOUR DIFFICULTIES ARE ILLUSIONS
Ill health makes them seem real

'ASPRO' MEANS HELP & FREEDOM FOR THOSE AFFECTED.

Most of our problems are conditions which can be overcome, when tackled in the right mental attitude. Millions find it difficult to-day to get the right mental attitude, mostly on account of physical afflictions such as nerviness, pain, ill-health. It is these conditions that magnify your troubles—and they can be overcome! 'ASPRO' is the greatest help to all those suffering from pain, nerviness, irritability, sleeplessness and other general afflictions, because after ingestion in the system it is not only an internal antiseptic and germicide, but also an anti-pyretic, fever reducer and antifermentative.

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Relieves RHEUMATISM in one night.
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Stops TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA at once.
Soothes away ACHES and PAINS.
Brings SWEET SLEEP to the sleepless.
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Quickest Remover of DENGUE FEVER.
Gets rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS.

READ THIS:

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Dear Sirs,

I was suffering from headaches and fever in the nights for a long time. I tried 'ASPRO' in way of a joke but to my amazement my headache was gone in about seven minutes and by 9 p.m. I had no fever at all. After taking your wonder pills of 'ASPRO' for 3 days my headache is completely gone, appetite increased and I gained seven pounds within one month. You have full liberty to use this letter in any way you please.

(Sd.) P. BARIA.

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1941

GLYCO-THYMOLINE

(Kress & Owen Co.'s)

KEEP INFECTION AT BAY! with GLYCO-THYMOLINE

To cure common cold and tonsilities, douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.

Obtainable at all Chemists.

Voice Of Roused America Has Sounded

Democracy Is Not Dead: Defeatist Cry Silenced

Govt. Of The People, By The People & For The People Shall Not Perish From Earth

U.S.A. Will Stand Up To Lincoln's High Resolve To Defend Democracy Says Chairman Bloom

WASHINGTON, March 12.

President Roosevelt has signed the Lease and Lend Bill. These historic words were uttered by Chairman Bloom of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee making the closing speech in the House debate on the Senate Amendments.

He said, "This Bill is the voice of a roused America sounding the trumpet call to victory for free Government everywhere. By this action the United States gives the lie to the cowardly, defeatist cry that democracy is powerless in the face of aggression.

We are now proving that democracy can and will unite to carry into effect Lincoln's high resolve that Government of the people, by the people, for the people shall not perish from earth."

The Lease and Lend Bill which enables President Roosevelt to place enormous supplies of war material at the disposal of Britain and her Allies passed into law on Tuesday.

Congress gave its final approval when the House of Representatives after a brief debate to-day passed the bill with the Senate's amendments by 317 votes to 71.

President Roosevelt signed the Bill 15 minutes after its arrival at Whitehouse from Capitol. Immediately after signing the bill, the President approved the first transfer of the first allotment of army and navy material to Britain and Greece.

Whole Washington Closing Ranks

There are signs here that the whole of Washington, with the possible exception of diehard Isolationists, such as Senators Wheeler and Nye, are closing ranks in an effort to achieve the objects of the Lease and Lend Act promptly and efficiently.

Diplomatic circles believe that the victory of the democracies on the Senate's floor in Washington was far more important than the diplomatic victory which is believed to be Hitler's objective in the Balkans.

U. S. Industrial Potential

America's industrial potential is between 40 and 50 per cent of the world's total. This will wholeheartedly be offered to the support of Britain and her Allies at a time when Axis production must have already reached its peak if not actually started to decline.

The flow of materials, beginning with destroyers and small naval craft, is expected to start immediately while all matters relating to finance and labour are now under review by the Administration.

The Lease and Lend Act will probably be financed at least in part by the issue of small denomination bonds. Although it is considered unlikely that the necessary legislation for outlawing labour strikes could pass Congress, it is believed that a likely compromise will be enforced arbitration in disputes if they occur in defence industries.

The question of office of production management for defence is reported to be under review. It is suggested that some higher authority than at present exists under Mr. Knudsen, Director General of Defence Programme, will soon be established.

The general view in Washington is that Mr. Harry Hopkins will be appointed to this post, but the possibility of Mr. Wendell Willkie's appointment is being canvassed in some quarters.

DICTATORS' CHALLENGE ACCEPTED

March 11, Red Letter Day In U. S. History

NEW YORK, March 12.

"March 11th ought to be remembered in our history as the day when the United States ended the great retreat," says the "New York Times" to-day (Wednesday), commenting on the Lease and Lend Act. The effort to find security in isolation has failed, says the paper, and the passage of the Bill confesses this failure. "We proclaim the decision that only in collective security can democratic nations survive. We shall protect the security of our people wherever it is threatened, and we hold that it is threatened by Herr Hitler's subjugation of democracy in Europe and attack on Britain. To go back 16 months to the debate on the repeal of the arms embargo, is to realise how swiftly American policy has changed." The Dictators' acts are responsible for the change in raising the challenge of world domination or destruction. "We have accepted the challenge."—Reuter.

U.S.A. Means Business

Roosevelt Asks For 7,000 Million Dollars In Aid To Britain

WASHINGTON, March 12

President Roosevelt has made a request for appropriation of 7,000 million dollars in aid to Britain, all in cash, instead of part in contractual authority based on the theory that such action will show the world that the United States "means business", it is learned from a well-informed source.

Earlier in the day President Roosevelt discussed the matter with the Legislators and placed question of cash or contracts before them. "After very little discussion," said one of the Legislators," we decided that the psychological effect abroad would be much better if the request is for all cash."—Reuter.

ISOLATIONISM DEAD IN U. S. A.

Significant Result Of Congressional By-Election

NEW YORK, Mar. 12.

The overwhelming majority in favour of the Lease and Lend Act was revealed in the result of the by-election to fill the Congressional vacancy for Manhattan district. Republican and Democrat candidates both endorsing the Aid to Britain programme polled 40,000 votes while the Isolationist candidates polled only 4,000 votes, despite powerful Press support.—Reuter.

WASHINGTON, March 12.

Two-hundred Amphibian tanks are included in the United States defence orders.

Capable of carrying 36 fully equipped men, these tanks will be used mainly for landing purposes They are also stated to be capable of a land speed of twenty-three miles per hour and a speed in water and surf of ten miles per hour.—Reuter.

Four captured Italian generals photographed aboard the ship which brought them to India as prisoners of war.

India To Accommodate 44,000 Prisoners

Camps At Ramgarh, Bangalore & Bhopal

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Associated Press learns that the Government of India have so far agreed to accommodate 44,000 Italian prisoners of war in this country.

There are now approximately 30,000 Italian prisoners in India who are confined in the Ramgarh camp, which has a capacity of 12,000 and the Bangalore camp which has a capacity of 24,000.

Preparations are now being made to establish a third prisoners of war camp at Bhopal which will have a capacity of 9,000.

It is pointed out that the question of increasing the number of camps in India or extending the capacity of the existing camps is susceptible to revision as the situation develops, but the cost of establishing and maintaining them, as well as the maintenance of the prisoners themselves, is borne by His Majesty's Government.—A P.

Escaped Italian Internee Arrested

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Italian internee named Russo who recently escaped from the Deolali internment camp has been recaptured.—A. P.

ALFONSO'S BODY NOT TAKEN TO SPAIN

VICHY, March 12.

The earlier report that the body of ex-King Alfonso has been taken from Italy to Spain is now stated by the Official French News Agency to be incorrect.—Reuter.

Carol Changes His Residence

LONDON, March 12.

Ex-King Carol of Rumania and Madame Lupescu, who made a dramatic dash across the Portuguese frontier in a high powered automobile last week, have now changed their residence, states the Lisbon correspondent of the Free French News Agency.

Since arriving in Lisbon they have been staying in a small villa, owned by Dr. Augusto Lopez.—Reuter.

NO SHELTERS FOR CALCUTTA

Schemes Unacceptable Due To Enormous Cost

CALCUTTA, March 11.

The Government of Bengal have after careful consideration decided that they cannot provide any form of concrete or steel shelter for members of the general public nor can they agree to carry out any policy of suosidising the strengthening of private houses.

The enormous cost that would be involved in such schemes makes their acceptance an impossibility. Further, as the sub-soil water level in Bengal is approximately two feet six inches below the ground level, it is out of the question to provide deep shelters.—A. P.

CHILEAN ENVOY TO BRITAIN PASSES AWAY

LISBON, March 12.

Senor Octavio Uenoret, Chilean Ambassador to Great Britain, who has been lying ill for some days, died here to-night.—Reuter.

LUCKNOW.—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has consented to become a patron of the Association for Preservation of Game, U. P. and the All-India Sportsmen's Brotherhood.

Desperate Italian Resistance Crumbles Before Furious Greek Assaults

Hundreds Of Duce's Troops Killed; Greeks Capture Much War Material

LONDON, March 12.

HUNDREDS OF ITALIAN DEAD WERE LEFT BEHIND WHEN AFTER STRONG ARTILLERY PREPARATION, GREEK INFANTRY AGAIN ATTACKED EARLY ON MONDAY MORNING IN THE CENTRAL AREA OF THE ALBANIAN FRONT, STATES A GREEK PRESS MINISTRY BULLETIN REPORTED BY THE ATHENS RADIO ON TUESDAY NIGHT.

Guns, ammunition, automatic and machineguns were captured as well as 300 Italian prisoners including a number of officers. The Italians put up a determined defence making desperate effort to check the furious Greek onslaught, but their efforts were of no avail.

STRONGEST ENEMY POSITIONS FALL.

The enemy's strongest positions, one of them on a peak nearly 6,000 feet high, were captured by the Greek forces, and the Italians were put to flight after suffering very severe losses. Greek detachments gave chase and the Italians flight was so precipitate that they left many dead and wounded on the battlefield.

Again on Tuesday Italians continued their attacks on Greek positions in Albania "with great intensity" but, says a Greek High Command communique, all attempts were repulsed with considerable Italian losses.

It adds that 450 prisoners, including three senior officers, were taken as a result of counter-attacks.

The Press Ministry confirms that the Fascist Minister for Education, Signor Bottai, was killed in recent fighting at the head of a Black-Shirt battalion engaged in firing on their own troops in retreat when he was killed.

The fifth day of the Greek offensive action on the central Albanian front closed on Tuesday with the Greeks having taken 3,000 prisoners to add to the authoritative estimate of a total of 20,000 captured. Italian prisoners estimate that their losses through casualties in Albania now amount to 1,30,000

BLACK SHIRTS FIRE ON OWN TROOPS.

One report of the recent fighting states that a Black-Shirt machinegun battalion fired on retreating Italian regulars in an effort to make them fight.

An authoritative denial was given here on Tuesday night to reports that the German Minister in Athens had handed M. Korizis, the Greek Prime Minister "certain proposals." No proposals, it is stated, have been presented

"Will Have Disastrous Effects On Sind"

KARACHI, March 11.

Expressing the opinion that the speeches delivered at the public meeting at the Khalikdina Hall on March 6 convened by the Muslim League, were liable to create communal ill-feeling, the Committee of Karachi Indian Merchants' Association has adopted a resolution stating that from their recent experiences such speeches are bound to have disastrous effects on the peace, commerce and prosperity of the province.

The Committee urges the Government to deal with activities liable to lead to communal ill-feeling.—A. P.

France Determined To Defend Her Colonial Empire

BERLIN, March 11.

A statement that Marshal Petain and the French Government were determined to defend the French colonial empire against all attacks and at all costs was repeated by General Weygand when he returned to Algiers from Vichy to-day, says a Tangier telegram to the Official News Agency.

He announced that unity between France and North Africa would shortly be strengthened by the appointment of some outstanding Muslims to the French National Council.—Reuter.

Germany To Supply Raw Material For French Industries

VICHY, March 12

An agreement for the supply of raw materials from Germany for French industries has been concluded, says the Vichy News Agency.

It adds that the representative of the French Iron and Steel Federation has just returned to Paris after six days' visit to Berlin where he concluded these arrangements.—Reuter.

Preparing For Southward Push

Japan Concentrates Her Main Fleet In South China Sea

CHUNGKING, March 12.

Japan has 52 divisions under arms of which 37 are stationed in China, nine in Manchuria and six in Japan, Korea and Formosa, according to a spokesman of the Chinese Military Council.

He estimates that if Japan makes a "southward push" she may be able to use seven or eight divisions.

The spokesman added that the Japanese air force at Canton, in Hainan and Indo-China totalled 700 aeroplanes. Japan's South China Fleet and parts of her main fleet and the Yangtse Fleet are at present concentrated in the south China sea preparatory to a southward push, the spokesman declared.—Reuter.

ANTONESCU CABINET MAY BE REPLACED

Rumania May Be Made Protectorate Like Bohemia

NEW YORK, March 12.

There are signs that the Antonescu cabinet is unsatisfactory to Berlin and may be replaced soon, according to a Belgrade dispatch to the "New York Herald Tribune."

The difficulty for the Germans is that they have discredited all parties and there are none to whom they can turn. The dispatch adds that the Germans, failing a strong national Government, may make Rumania a protectorate like Bohemia and Moravia, although 95 per cent of Rumanians are pro-British.—Reuter.

HYDERABAD.—The eighteenth session of the All-India Medical Conference will be held at Hyderabad (Deccan) in December next

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

CAPTAIN FURIOUS

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

TO PREVENT RICHTER'S ESCAPE, KIRK STRIKES THE GUILTY MAN....
THAT DID IT!
HOLD HIM! I'LL GET SOME HANDCUFFS!
HEY! THE GIRL! MISS PARRISH! SHE'S GONE!
SHE SKIPPED OUT IN THE CONFUSION! AFTER HER!
Alfred Andriola
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LOOK!
STOP— OR I'LL FIRE!
11-11

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